EDW. CORIELL,
THE "UPTOWN" JEWELER
413 CHILLICOTHE STREET.

THE DAILY TIMES.

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PURE SPICES
OF ALL KINDS
GO TO
AMANN'S GALLIA STREET PHARMACY,
28 GALLIA ST.

VOLUME I. THE PORTSMOUTH TIMES. Established 1861. PORTSMOUTH, OHIO, WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 19, 1894. ONLY DEMOCRATIC PAPER In Scioto County. NUMBER 150

THE LEADING HOUSE

OPENING SEASON IN YOUNG MEN'S, BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S CLOTHING!

Clothing for Young Men and Boys.

THE LARGEST STOCK

This season finds us ahead of all others in this important line. We have gone into the great clothing markets determined to supply all tastes and all conditions.

Perfect Fitting Suits For Young Men,

: : : Ages 15 to 19.

The handsomest line you ever saw in

Double Breasted and Single Breasted Stylish Suits. } These are equal to Custom Made $8, $10, $12 and $15. Best ever shown in this city.

We have cheaper grades if you want 'em:

Splendid Suits, $6 to $8.

If you want something still lower we go down the line until we reach

A Good Serviceable Suit For $2.50 to $4.50.

Never in our history have we shown such values for the money.

The Children's Suit Department.

* Ages 4 to 14. *

It has been our aim in this line to secure great durability, with faultless make, perfect fit and style. Our efforts have been crowned with success. PARENTS WILL FIND WE HAVE JUST WHAT THEY WANT. No matter what the grade may be, from the highest to the lowest, we suit all tastes and all pockets.

- The Double Seat and Knee -

Is the great feature of our line in this department which commends it to mothers who know how their hopefuls "rend apparel out."

Perfect in Fit and Make.

STRICTLY ONE PRICE

FIRST GRADE : $3,50, $4.00, $5.00 and $6.00.
SECOND GRADE : $3.00, $2.50 and $2.00.
THIRD GRADE : 75c, $1 00, $1.25, $1.50 and $1 75.

Single Knee Pants, Double Seat and Knee, 50c.

Cheaper Grade in same, 11c and 25c.

We show a larger stock and better values in the above than was ever before shown in this city.

The Leaders in Cash Clothing.

HEER BROS.

CASH CLOTHIERS, - - - CHILLICOTHE ST.

THE LOWEST PRICES

Good Times Are Here.

WHERE IS THE MAN who said the dull times would last until 1896? Mr. Croaker go to. Labor Day is a legal holidry in New York state, yet the dry goods jobbers were compelled to keep open on that day—their customers demanded it,—and they are working nights to fill orders.

GOODS WERE NEVER SO CHEAP.

OUR STOCK OF DRESS GOODS is being closed out at a tremendous sacrifice. You can't afford to miss us when shopping. Trimmings at the same low prices. If you don't want to be strongly tempted to buy notions, you had better not come to our place. The cheapest line of Hosiery we ever offered you will be placed on sale next week.

COVERSTON & CO.
607 Chillicothe Street.

Bread Is the Staff of Life.

The efficiency of this staff is largely increased if, in making the bread, you use

CRESCENT FLOUR.

G. FRICK & SONS.

MORE LIGHT

That is the demand from all up-to-date people.
We have the different systems.
Gas at reduced prices.

Electric Arc, 50 per cent of the market price elsewhere.
Incandescent cheaper than lightning.

For good service, correct meters and fair treatment, we are the people.

The Portsmouth Gas & Electric Company.

A CONSTABLE,

With a Writ and a Log Chain Covers Himself With Glory.

He Attaches a Newspaper Train, Chaining It to the Track.

The Engineer, on Advice of the Road's Attorney, Puts on Steam, Breaks the Chain, and Waves a Good-by to the Bumptious Country Constable.

COLUMBUS, O., Sept. 19.—A bumptious country constable, with a writ and a log chain, covered himself all over with glory Tuesday morning at Mt. Sterling, southeast of this city, in Madison county. The newspaper train from Cincinnati came thundering into the village on the Midland about 6 o'clock, and stopped to take on some passengers for the city.

The wheels had hardly stopped when Constable Ballard, an officer of the law, stepped to the engine, and, wrapping his chain several times around the fly wheel, fastened it to the rail. Engineer Glenn was then served with a writ of attachment. The passengers were much disturbed by the delay, but amused by the process adopted by the constable, and they all crowded to the scene. The whole village was at the station, and when the engineer made a little bluff and the steam horse snorted a few snorts as if he wanted to get to the city for a rest, the crowd sent up a series of guffaws and threw their caps in the air.

The constable informed the crowd that a few days ago Messrs. Alkeri and Hewitt obtained a default judgment against the road for $115 for horses killed on the track. Magistrate Burke ordered execution, and that was why the newspaper train was three hours late. Engineer Glenn telegraphed Judge J. H. Collins, the company's attorney, and that gentleman answered to break the chain and come into the city. The engineer put on a little steam, backed a foot and with a vicious lunge broke the shackles, and waving a good-by to the constable and villagers, came into the city. The question is whether the constable delayed the mails.

BRICE'S VICTORY.

He Captures the Convention Organization With Ease—Free Silver Will Be Favored.

COLUMBUS, O., Sept. 19.—The committee on permanent organization had an interesting test on the censure feature of the gathering Tuesday afternoon. A vote on the permanent chairman was taken, and Tom L. Johnson received ten votes, as many as were cast for Frank Hurd, the temporary chairman. A second ballot duplicated this result, but on the third, the Fifth district being absent, the vote stood 11 for Hurd and 9 for Johnson, the Brice men winning again, and the temporary organization will be made permanent.

Two rules in additional to those usually adopted were agreed upon by the committee on rules, and again the Brice men won, precluding the probability that an anti-Brice resolution would be prevented from the floor.

A poll of the committee on resolutions discloses the fact that there is a majority of it in favor of free silver, those favoring free and unlimited coinage being H. J. Groesbeck, of the First district; E. B. Eshelman, of the Seventeenth; Gen. E. B. Finley, of the Thirteenth, George Long, of the Seventh; Joe Eylar, of the Sixth; L. J. Patterson, of the Tenth; Albert Zugschmert, of the Eighth; George More, of the Fourth; W. E. Young, of the Nineteenth; Allen W. Thurman, of the Twelfth; and J. P. Seward, of the Fourteenth.

His Second Victim.

ZANESVILLE, O., Sept. 19.—At Rendville unfriendly relations existed between Frank Woodruff and George Coyle on account of a law suit. The men met in a saloon, and, after a heated controversy, Coyle drew a revolver and fired at Woodruff, the ball taking effect in the abdomen. Woodruff can not recover. Coyle killed a man at the same place a year ago, but escaped on the ground of self defense.

Killed by a Thresher.

AKRON, O., Sept. 19.—Henry Akeman, a farmer living six miles northwest of here, while threshing grain Tuesday afternoon got his leg caught in a cylinder and it was literally cut to small pieces. Akeman was pulled out before his body was touched, but he lived only a short time.

Veterinarians at Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 19.—Veterinarians from all over the United States met in thirty-first annual convention at the Academy of Natural Sciences, this city, Tuesday. Mayor Stewart welcomed the delegates. The convention will continue three days.

Henry Apthrop for Congress.

COLUMBUS, O., Sept. 19.—The democrats of the Nineteenth district, by delegates to the state convention here, Tuesday nominated Henry Apthrop, of Ashtabula, for congress.

Two Girls Disappear.

ELKHART, Ind., Sept. 19.—Myrtle Elder, aged 13, and Pearl Wood, aged 16 years, members of highly respectable families, have disappeared from their homes in South Bend.

Got the Franchise.

MASSILLON, O., Sept. 19.—The city council granted an unlimited franchise to the Farmers' Telephone Co., after a hot debate.

Killed at Play.

RED OAK, O., Sept. 19.—While some boys were playing at boxing, Ellis Cabalt, aged 17, was struck near the heart and was killed.

Gov. Flower Not a Candidate.

ALBANY, N. Y., Sept. 19.—Gov. Flower announced Tuesday that he is not a candidate for renomination for governor.

MORTON.

The Ex-Vice President Named for Governor

On the First Ballot by the New York Republican Convention.

In the Platform the Heartiest Greetings Are Extended to the Republicans of Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Oregon, Vermont and Maine.

SARATOGA, N. Y., Sept. 19.—Amid the wildest enthusiasm, ex-Vice President Levi P. Morton was nominated on the first ballot for governor of New York, by the republican state convention.

Gen. Ren E. Tracy, ex-secretary of the navy, amid a storm of applause, placed him in nomination. When Gen. Tracy named Mr. Morton there was cheering and hand clapping for over a minute.

When Col. Aaschiel Baxter, of Chemung, was recognized he spoke from the platform and placed in nomination J. Sloat Fassett. When Senator Fassett's name was first mentioned by Col. Baxter there was a hubbub of applause, confined mainly to the galleries, and continued, varied with cheers, for three minutes. Every repetition of the name brought fresh applause.

Silas P. Butcher, of Kings, presented the name of Gen. Stewart L. Woodford, of Kings, for governor. Hon. E. A. Nash, of Cattaraugus, presented the name of Gen. Daniel Butterfield, of that county. The shouters from the lower end of the state gave the general's name a lively reception.

E. N. Parker, of St. Lawrence, followed with a speech urging the nomination of a man who would attract the farmers' vote, and named Judge Leslie W. Russell. This finished the nominating speeches for governor, and they were followed by a number of speeches seconding the various nominations.

Roll call was then proceeded with on the ballot for governor. It was 7:55 when the roll call was finished. The result was: Morton, 53¾; Fassett, 49; Woodford, 40; Butterfield, 29; Russell, 20; Bliss, 40¾; Arkell, 1.

The result was not announced, but it was apparent that Mr. Morton had an overwhelming majority, and amid cheers it was moved that the nomination be made unanimous. The motion was seconded by Col. Baxter, who nominated Mr. Fassett.

Then there were shouts for Fassett. The redoubtable young chieftain from Chemung stood on a chair, and after the delegates had shouted themselves hoarse, he said:

"The republican platform is platform enough for me. I know of only one will, and that is the freely expressed will of 732 republicans of the state of New York. You have chosen a wise and experienced general. Like him, I stand ready to be promoted to a brigadier-general or to serve in the ranks. The man you have selected is an older and a wiser and a more experienced soldier than I. I can only say that in the ranks I stand ready to follow wherever he may direct."

Mr. Fasset was followed by Gen. Butterfield, Col. S. V. Cruger, of New York, on behalf of Mr. Bliss, Judge Leslie Russell and Gen. Stewart L. Woodford, who seconded the motion to make the nomination of Mr. Morton unanimous.

The platform adopted was quite lengthy. The New York convention extends the heartiest greetings to the republicans of Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Oregon, Vermont and Maine for their victories at the polls. The platform invites the people to compare the pledges of the democratic party with the performance of a democratic administration. Denounces democratic congressmen for permitting southern members to protect the chief products of their section, while removing or largely reducing protective duties on the products of the north.

"We ask all who favor a discontinance of tariff agitation or who believe in the restoration of republican protection to elect republican members of the house of representatives in every district, so that our industrial interests may be properly represented in the councils of the nation. The platform protests against free wool, and favors an honest dollar and opposes any effort, whether by the removal of the tax on state bank issues or the free coinage of silver, to lower our currency standard, and we favor an international agreement which shall result in the use of both gold and silver as a circulating medium.

Games Played Tuesday.

Cincinnati	4	Cleveland	9
Philadelphia	10	Brooklyn	3
Pittsburgh	8	Cleveland	1
Baltimore	15	Brooklyn	7
Chicago	3	St. Louis	5
New York	4	Boston	4
Chicago	6	Louisville	4
New York	9	Washington	9

*Where game was played.

How They Stand.

Clubs.	Won.	Lost.	Played.	Pr Ct.
Baltimore	93	37	130	.692
New York	91	42	133	.659
Boston	77	44	121	.636
Philadelphia	70	49	119	.579
Brooklyn	66	56	122	.541
Cleveland	62	58	120	.517
Pittsburgh	59	62	121	.488
Chicago	53	71	124	.428
Cincinnati	51	70	121	.421
St. Louis	50	72	122	.409
Washington	43	80	123	.349
Louisville	34	86	120	.283

Mrs. Vanderbilt Wants a Divorce.

NEW YORK, Sept. 19.—Mrs. W. K. Vanderbilt will bring action for divorce against her husband. The Newport villa is being put in order, and the home-coming of Mrs. Vanderbilt and her children is expected at any time. Under the laws of Rhode Island Mrs. Vanderbilt must live in that state for a year before filing her petition, and will make Newport her home. Mr. Vanderbilt is in Scotland, and it is said, will not defend the suit. At first a separation was agreed on, but the publicity of the affair has put that out of the question, and a divorce will be the result.

GRAND LODGE I. O. O. F.

Officers Elected—Atlantic City Chosen For Next Meeting.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., Sept. 19.—The Sovereign Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows, Tuesday morning, reassembled in Lookout convention hall. Atlantic City was chosen for the next meeting. Representative Morris, of Kentucky, nominated Ex-Deputy Grand Sire John W. Stebbins, of Maryland, for grand sire, and he was unanimously chosen. Hon. Fred Carleton, of Texas, was elected deputy grand sire on the second ballot. Theodore Ross, of New Jersey, was unanimously re-elected as grand secretary, and Isaac S. Shepard, of Pennsylvania, was unanimously re-elected grand treasurer.

The features of the parade were eight floats, emblematic of the order. These, in a well-arranged manner, represented "Daughters of Rebekah," "The Sea of Life," "Jonathan Before King Saul," "The Good Samaritan," "The Temple of Truth," "Odd Fellowship Encircles the Earth," "Rebekah at the Well," and "An I. O. O. F. Home." After the parade the visitors were driven over Missionary Ridge to Bragg's old headquarters.

Tuesday night a brilliant reception and reunion in honor of the past grand representatives was held.

THE SEXTUPLE TRAGEDY.

Sheriff McCarver's Son Makes a Confession Regarding the Matter.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Sept. 19.—The most important testimony yet developed in the case of the lynching of the six Negro prisoners charged with barn burning was brought out Tuesday in a proceeding of habeas corpus before Judge Cooper, of the criminal court, on an application for bail on behalf of Mike Strickfadden, one of the thirteen men now under indictment for the lynching.

The witness was "Butch" McCarver, son of Sheriff McCarver. McCarver testified that on Wednesday before the bloody affair he and his brother Ed met Ned Smith, Jim Sisley and Frank Berry, and the men invited them to take part in the lynching, which they said had been arranged. They told McCarver that Richardson, the deputy sheriff who had sworn out the warrants against the six Negroes, would deliver them into the hands of the mob while on the way from Kerrville to Memphis. The McCarvers decided to have nothing to do with it.

The hearing of the habeas corpus was continued until Wednesday.

GAMBLERS RESIST.

Pinkertons Defeated in a Raid on Harry Varnell's Place, Chicago.

CHICAGO, Sept. 19.—At 1:30 o'clock Tuesday afternoon a squad of detectives from Pinkerton's agency attempted to raid the gambling house of Harry Varnell, ex-county boodler, at 119 Clark street. The inmates of the establishment had been advised of the attempted raid, and made a stubborn resistance. Several bloody noses and black eyes were inflicted, and the row continued until Varnell secured warrants for the arrest of the Pinkerton men from a near by magistrate on a charge of disorderly conduct. A squad of special constables descended upon the detectives and took them to the Harrison street station, and the gamblers went to work to repair damages. Varnell announced that he would be open as usual at 6 o'clock Tuesday night. It is said the raid was the work of the civic federation. Another story is that it was a phase of the war between the trust gamblers and those who are carrying on business on their own hook.

Minnesota Hunters Perish.

BUFFALO, Minn., Sept. 19.—Jackson Taylor, Lewis Guthrie and a small boy with a team left here about a month ago for a hunt on Groundhouse river. Since then nothing was heard from them until Tuesday, when word came that Guthrie and the boy were burned to death in the late fire, and Mr. Taylor so seriously burned that he can not live. Mr. Taylor was more than 75 years old, and the first settler in Buffalo, having pre-empted and platted the town site nearly forty years ago.

Brice Will Be There.

COLUMBUS, O., Sept. 19.—There was considerable dissatisfaction among the delegates Tuesday morning over a change in the programme by which the convention will not be called to order until Wednesday morning, instead of at 4 o'clock Tuesday afternoon, which was the original programme. The change was made Monday afternoon by State Chairman Crites. Senator Brice, contrary to his previous intention, will be here in person.

A Postmaster's Suicide.

SPRINGFIELD, Mo., Sept. 19.—United States Marshal Johnson went from here to the village of Mayflower to arrest Postmaster J. C. Little for opening a registered letter. Little heard of Johnson's coming and was found dead in his bed when the officer arrived. He had cut his entrails out with a butcher knife.

Held Up by Footpads.

MASSILLON, O., Sept. 19.—Three footpads held up John Phillips between Wadsworth and Silver Creek. After taking his watch, they started to hustle him off to a wood, promising to make an end of him there. Phillips broke away and ran for his life, while his assailants fired their revolvers after him, without bringing him down.

Chinese Admit Defeat.

LONDON, Sept. 19.—A special dispatch to the Times from Shanghai says that the Chinese admit the truth of the reports of the defeat of their army at Ping Yang, but deny that the towns were captured by the Japanese.

A Bridge Builder's Fall.

JEFFERSONVILLE, Ind., Sept. 19.—Frank St. Clair, employed on the Louisville and Jeffersonville bridge, fell from the top of the traveler to the water. In the descent he struck some timbers, breaking both legs. He was rescued.

GREAT BRITAIN will lay down seven new battleships within the present fiscal year. They are to be build after the Majestic type.

LI HUNG CHANG

Deprived of His Three-Eyed Peacock Feather

For His Mismanagement of the Late Corean Campaign.

The City of Ping Yang in Possession of the Japanese—Much Provisions and Munitions of War Taken—The Mikado Rejoices Over the Victory.

LONDON, Sept. 19.—The Central News says an official of the Japanese legation here has received the following cable dispatch:

"Our army surrounded Ping Yang on the 15th inst. and, after severe fighting, gained a great victory and captured the city. The number of the enemy killed, wounded and taken prisoners is immense. The Japanese lost only 11 officers and 260 soldiers killed or wounded."

WASHINGTON, Sept. 18.—The following is the text of the official dispatch just received by the Japanese minister, Shinichiro Kurino, from the minister of foreign affairs at Tokio. It will be noted that it confirms in every particular the dispatches received by the United Press: "On September 15 the Japanese army attacked the Chinese forces, which were then strongly entrenched at Ping Yang, and after severe fighting won a complete victory, capturing Ping Yang before dawn of the 16th. The Chinese numbered more than 20,000, and with the exception of a very few who fled, the rest were either killed, wounded or taken prisoner, including the Chinese commander, Gen. Tsoo. A very large quantity of provisions and munitions of war were taken. The Japanese loss was 300 killed and wounded."

The Chinese legation has no information.

LONDON, Sept. 18.—The correspondent of the Central News in Shanghai telegraphs that an imperial edict has been issued depriving Viceroy Li Hung Chang of his three-eyed peacock feather because of his mismanagement of the Corean campaign. Tuotai Sheng, it is reported, is intriguing against Li Hung Chang through the emperor's favorite teacher.

Reinforcements for the Chinese troops to the number of 50,000 are said to be between Ping Yang and Yalu.

LONDON, Sept. 18.—The Pall Mall Gazette's Shanghai correspondent says the Japanese are rapidly advancing upon Muokden. The correspondent also says it is reported that Viceroy Li Hung Chang has been deposed.

SATOLLI'S LETTER.

What the Head of the New York Liquor Men Says About It.

NIAGARA FALLS, N. Y., Sept. 19.—The twelfth annual convention of the Wine, Liquor and Beer Dealers' association of the state of New York is being held in this city and nearly every wine company in the country is represented. The New York and Brooklyn delegates arrived on a special train at midnight. Daniel Holland, of New York, will be the choice of the New York and Brooklyn delegates for president, Mr. Tekulsky having refused to accept a re-election. The only other candidate announced is George H. Mead, of Troy. Financial Secretary Golt Chack, of Brooklyn, and Recording Secretary Morrissy, of Syracuse, will probably be re-elected.

When President Tekulsky was asked whether the convention would take any action on Mgr. Satolli's liquor letter he replied: "The matter was not to be brought before the convention. It is nothing we have to do with and does not concern us in the least. It was not addressed nor was it intended for any one in this state, and it would be poor taste for us to make any controversy over such matters. No, Satolli's letter will not be mentioned in the convention if I have any say about it."

The Champion Wing Shot.

KANSAS CITY, Sept. 19.—J. A. R. Elliott, champion wing shot of the world, made his right to that title doubly secure by winning the second of a series and the match with Dr. William F. Carver, the world's champion rifle shot. Tuesday's score was: Elliott, 95; Carver 93. The match was for $400 a side, best two out of three shots at 100 live birds. The score in the first match, shot Saturday, resulted: Elliott, 99; Carver, 91. Dr. Carver's poor showing then was caused in part by a sore shoulder. This member did not bother him so much Tuesday and he gave Elliott a much harder fight.

Woman Convicted of Murder.

SPOKANE, Wash., Sept. 19.—At 1 o'clock Tuesday morning the jury, after being out ten hours and after taking twenty ballots, brought in a verdict in the Grier murder trial of murder in the second degree. Helen N. Grier was accused of murdering her sixth husband by giving him poison. Her two daughters were the prosecuting witnesses. The defense claims the verdict is not legal, for it must be premeditated murder or no murder at all.

United Typothetæ.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Sept. 19.—Nearly five hundred employing printers of the United States and Canada participated Tuesday in the eighth annual convention of the United Typothetæ of America, and which will be in session throughout the week. This association was organized as a protection against job printer's unions, and represents over fifty millions of capital.

Two Trusties Escape.

FRANKFORT, Ky., Sept. 19.—James Monday, a one-year convict, and Bob Keiting, in for four years, both from Kenton county, made their escape from the Kentucky penitentiary Monday night, but were recaptured Tuesday morning. Keiting and Monday were trusties, and sealed the walls with ropes after the other prisoners had gone to their cells.

ROAD WORKERS.

Robbers Tackle a Train Loaded With Officers—A Spy Gives the Alarm.

GORIN, Mo., Sept. 19.—The Colorado and Utah express on the Santa Fe was held up by robbers at 3:30 a m. Tuesday. Owing to the fact that the railroad and express officials had a spy on the trail of the bandits, when they stopped the train, they met a hail of buckshot and bullets, and it is said at least two lie dead in the surrounding woods, while as many others rode for their rendezvous, twenty-one miles away, filled with leaden pellets. They were novices in the art of train robbery, and brutal ones at that, for they shot "Dad" Prescott, the engineer, before they even gave him a chance to hold up his hands. His wound, it is believed, will not prove fatal.

The raid was planned three weeks ago, but not put into execution until Tuesday morning. When the train left Chicago at 5 o'clock Monday evening, railroad and express detectives, all walking arsenals, climbed on at every station. Chief Detective J. J. Kenney, of the Santa Fe, with G. C. Montgomery, his right hand man, boarded it at Joliet. At Streator they were joined by two more men, who have been patrolling the line for twenty days.

KEOKUK, Ia., Sept. 18.—Five farmers, living three miles north of Arbela, Mo., are the men who held up the Santa Fe at Gorin, Mo., fifty miles west of here, Monday night. Two of the men were captured at Memphis, Mo., Tuesday morning, one being shot six times with a Winchester. He can not live.

The names of the captured men are: Charles Abrams and Lincoln Overfield, the former being the one so badly wounded.

The Cox Wife-Murder.

GALLIPOLIS, O., Sept. 19.—Sherman Cox, the man who murdered his wife here Saturday, had his preliminary hearing before Mayor Alexander Tuesday afternoon. It was developed that Cox had gone to the residence of Geo. Adkins, in Perry township, and asked his wife to go home with him. Mrs. Cox had left home with a man named John Siders, of this city. Siders was with the woman at the time of the murder, and tried to kill Cox, but was prevented by bystanders. Mrs. Cox had left her husband a number of times. She was 19 years old, and had been married three years. They had two children, one of whom saw its mother murdered. Cox was bound over to court in the sum of $2,000. He is a half-witted fellow, and probably not legally responsible.

A Car Combine.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 19.—An English syndicate is negotiating for the purchase of all the street car manufacturing concerns of St. Louis, and has already secured an option on some of them. The deal will result in the investment of some million dollars of English gold in St. Louis, and will unite the car manufacturing concerns of the city under one management. Parties negotiating the purchase are anxious to keep the matter quiet until the deal is closed and the property is conveyed.

The Brewer Estate.

VALPARAISO, Ind., Sept. 19.—Attorney J. P. Winters was called to New York Tuesday by a telegram from W. H. Drake, of this city, who is in New York to get a share of the Brewer estate, valued at eight million dollars. The heirs in this country will receive one-eighth, and the telegram stated that parties interested had made him an offer of $800,000 for their eighth share.

Duestrow Trial Postponed.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 19.—The trial of Arthur Duestrow, who murdered his wife and 4-year-old child in this city last February, was to begin at Union, Mo., on change of venue Tuesday. On petition of counsel for the defense Judge Herzel Tuesday morning granted a continuance until the first week in January, 1895.

Three Killed by Lightning.

OWINGSVILLE, Ky., Sept. 19.—The residence of Marshall Corey, a prominent farmer living near this city, was struck by lightning. Corey, his wife and a daughter aged 18 years were instantly killed. Several others were in the house and are injured, but it is thought not fatally.

Fatal Fall From a Window.

VALPARAISO, Ind., Sept. 19.—Miss Alice Bryan fell from a second-story window, a distance of thirty feet, Monday night, on a pile of stone. Her skull was fractured and both wrists broken. She will die.

A Dutch Victory.

AMSTERDAM, Sept. 19.—Advices received here state that an engagement has occurred between the Dutch forces on Lombok island and the rebels. The Dutch troops eventually won the victory, capturing three forts fronting on Lombok island. Many of the natives were killed during the battle.

Septagenarian Sued For Breach of Promise.

WABASH, Ind., Sept. 19.—Mrs. Elizabeth Hapner, a comely widow of 50, Tuesday filed suit for $5,000 damages for breach of promise against Richard B. Hare, an old resident of South Whitly. The defendant is on the shady side of 70, is a spruce old gentleman, and comfortably fixed financially.

Baltimore Capitalists Lease Coal Lands.

CHARLESTON, W. Va., Sept. 19.—The vast coal property of W. C. Peel, of England, situated on the Kanawha, has been leased to R. W. Petrie, a Baltimore capitalist.

Net Cash in the Treasury.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 19.—The net cash in United States treasury Tuesday was $126,042,343, of which $57,477,984 represents the gold reserve.

Declines a Fat Job.

ATCHISON, Kan., Sept. 19.—A. A. Robinson declined the presidency of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe railroad, at a salary of $60,000 a year.

The Rumor Denied.

NEW YORK, Sept. 19.—Edwin Gould denies the report that his sister Anna is engaged to Prince Francis, of Battenberg.

THE TIMES.

DAILY AND WEEKLY.

The Only Democratic Paper in Scioto County.

THE TIMES PUBLISHING COMPANY

No. 90 West Second Street.

J. L. PATTERSON, Editor.

☞Readers of the TIMES will greatly oblige this office by giving prompt notice of irregular or late delivery; also persons who cannot buy the TIMES in this city or suburbs or in any place where a Portsmouth paper should be sold, will confer a favor by notifying this office at once.

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Weekly, if paid in advance	1.00

Wednesday, - September 19, 1894

THE Ironton public schools are supplied with coal at the rate of $5.35 per hundred bushels.

IF YOU want to make a Protectionist advocate mad just mention to him that the price of wool has gone up since the passage of the Wilson bill.

THE Nevada Republican executive committee has unanimously requested Senator Jones to resign because of his conversion to the doctrines of the Populist party.

THE Washington Post, an independent newspaper, with pronounced views, tells it all in a few words when it says: "When a politician begins to lean heavily on the American flag, it is safe to guess he is trying to hide some of his weak points."

SENATOR DON CAMERON is looming up in certain circles as the candidate of the free silverites for the presidency, which leads the Parkersburg Sentinel to cruelly remark that the "looming" is about as near as he will ever get to the White House, unless as a guest.

THE Democratic Call is the name of a neatly printed 8 page weekly, the first number of which was issued in Columbus last Thursday, with the names of John A. Farrier and Aubrey C. Taylor at the mast head. As its name indicates it will be devoted to exposition of the principles of the Democratic party, and will be conducted somewhat on the lines of the National Democrat.

Speaking of recent squabbles in the Ironton school board, the Irontonian is led to say the following which might possibly be applied to a few other cities.

"Too many great men get into public office. Take, for instance, the school board. This body is always having a Kilkenny cat struggle. Too many ponderous intellects meet, and you know that when Greek meets Greek, then hades is to pay. If the members from the Sixth ward want a new water bucket, the members from the Second ward must have one, too. Why, some of these school board fellows are actually getting stoop shouldered under the heavy responsibility of seeing that their constituents get everything that any body else gets. It's really too bad. But then the road to great honors is always lined with vicissitudes and it is only by great efforts that you get there."

EDITOR ROSEWATER, of the Omaha Bee (Rep.), recently read the riot act to Nebraska Republicans for nominating Thomas J. Majors for governor. Among other things he said:

"You have nominated a man for governor who has been branded as an accessory to forgery and perjury by a Republican congressional committee, of which the Hon. Thomas B. Reed was chairman, a man who stands self-convicted of falsifying official records and procuring the issue of a fraudulent voucher while acting in the capacity of president of the state senate; a man who has consorted with boodlers and jobbers, and converted the room of the lieutenant-governor at the capital of the state into a den for debauchery; a man who has been the pliant tool of the railroads in season and out of season, and whose nomination was procured by the combined influence of corporate cappers, professional bribe givers, jury fixers, and impeached state house officials."

SPEAKING of the solicitude of Republican papers about the Democratic party the Clermont Sun says pointedly:

"Republican newspapers needn't worry about the Democratic party in Ohio. We may have little differences of our own, but if we air them it is because we intend to be honest with the people and go before the country with a clean bill of health. We believe in honest tariff reform. We believe in commercial liberty. We believe in transacting business without the unwarranted paternal aid of government. We believe in economy in the administration of public affairs, and the present Democratic administration is cutting down expenses, discharging useless employes and reorganizing the departments. We believe that the tariff law enacted by a Democratic congress, in spite of the trusts, is a wonderful improvement on the McKinley robber tariff. We don't need any Republican assistance. Our traitors had too much of that in the Senate. So Republicans can sit on the fence and learn a wholesome lesson. They will see that the Democratic party is not only honest with the people, but honest with itself."

Tested.

The incandescant plant which was put in at the fair grounds for the big fire works display was tested last night by Superintendent Baird, and found to be all right in every particular.

The date for the Liberty Bell and the Living Pictures is Saturday, Sept. 22d.

THE PRECIOUS METALS.

Gold and Silver Seem Designed by Nature as the Circulating Medium of Mankind.

It is said in the bullion report laid before the house of commons, England, June 10, 1810: "The most detailed knowledge of the actual trade of the country, combined with the profound science in all the principles of money and circulation, would not enable any man or set of men to adjust and keep always adjusted the proportion of the circulating medium in a country to the wants of trade." This problem can only be solved by resorting to nature's treasury. It would seem that an all-wise Providence has designated the two metals, gold and silver, as the circulating medium of mankind for the express purpose of accomplishing this object. During all the preceding centuries they have been money metals, and for this reason they have been known as "the precious metals." The increase in their yield has never been simultaneous. The subsidence of one of them has been accompanied or followed by an increase of the other, and their joint product has been year by year enlarging and has never exceeded the wants of the commercial world.

During the excessive inflow of gold from the mines of California and Australia there was the same outcry against gold that there is now against silver, and the utter worthlessness of the yellow metal for monetary use in consequence of its impending superabundance was freely predicted. The German states, including Austria, demonetized gold and adopted silver as their monetary standard in 1857. France was vehemently urged to also demonetize gold. But she did not listen to these appeals, but steadily pursued her course and had the satisfaction of witnessing the vivifying effects of this shower of gold upon her own industries and the industries of other nations.

It is the uniform testimony of history that no single agency has contributed so much to the prosperity and happiness of our race as the enlargement of the world's money stock by the inflow of the precious metals from its mines. The gradual exhaustion of the ancient mines was accompanied by a corresponding decline in industrial and commercial activity, caused by a steady and continuous fall in the values or prices of the products of industry. During this period the volume of the world's money stock, reckoned in our currency, fell from $1,800,000,000 to less than $200,000,000 and we are informed by Dr. Adam Smith that in the year 1455 the price of wheat in England was less than 2 pence per bushel. To this agency more than to any other is attributed by the historian Alison the settling down upon Europe during the middle ages of the mantle of darkness which separates the civilization of the ancient from that of the modern world.

Owing to an increase of its money stock from the treasury of the new world western Europe awoke from its profound lethargy and entered upon a career of industrial prosperity and industrial activity it never knew before. Jevons says that from 1500 to 1540 gold rose in its relation to commodities "in the extraordinary ratio of 100 to 245, or by 145 per cent., rendering government annuities and all fixed payments extending over this period about two and one-half times as valuable as they were in 1809."

Of this period Alison in his history says: "If the circulation of the world had remained stationary or declining, as it was from 1815 to 1849, from the effects of South American revolutions and English legislation, the necessary results must have been that it would have become altogether inadequate to the wants of man, and not only would industry have been everywhere cramped, but the price of produce would have universally and constantly fallen. Money would have every day become more valuable, other articles measured in money less so, and debts and taxes would have been constantly increasing in weight and oppression. The fate that crushed Rome in ancient and all but crushed Great Britain in modern times would have been that of the whole family of mankind. All these evils have been entirely obviated and the opposite set of blessings introduced by the opening of the great reserve treasuries of California and Australia.

Mr. Hunter, chairman of the finance committee of the senate, in presenting to that body in 1852 a measure for changing the ratio in respect to our minor silver coins, by reducing the weight of pure silver in them about 8 per cent. in order that they might be kept here, and not melted down and sent abroad, said in his report: "Of all the great effects produced upon human society by the discovery of America, there were probably none so marked as those brought about by the great influx of the precious metals from the new world to the old. European industry had been declining under the decreasing stock of the precious metals and an appreciating standard of value. Human industry had grown dull under the paralyzing influences of declining profits and capital absorbed nearly all that should have been divided between it and labor. But an increase of the precious metals in such quantity as to check this tendency operated as a new motive power to the machinery of commerce.

"Production was stimulated by finding the advantages of a change in the standard upon its side. Instead of being repressed by having to pay more than it had stipulated for the use of capital it was stimulated by paying less. Capital, too, was benefitted, for new demands were created for it by the new uses which a general movement in industrial pursuits had developed; so that if it lost a little by a change in the standard it gained much more in the greater demand for its use, which added to its capacities for reproduction and its real value."

He denounced the adoption of either one of the metals alone, saying: "The mischief would be great, indeed, if all the world were to adopt but one of the precious metals as the standard of value. To adopt gold alone would diminish the specie currency more than one-half, and the reduction the other way, should silver be taken as the only standard, would be large enough to prove highly disastrous to the human race."—Henry G. Miller, in Chicago Times.

Articles of Aluminium.

Novel uses said to have been found for aluminium are for a folding pocket scale one meter long; a necktie made of metal, frosted or otherwise ornamented, in various shapes, imitating the ordinary silk or satin article, which is recommended for summer wear; and military helmets.

BIRDS OF CALIFORNIA.

Ornithological Treasures Found on the Pacific Coast.

Peculiar Habits of the Road-Runner—The Melodious Song of the Cactus Wren—Humming Birds of Many Kinds—The American Eagle.

[Special Los Angeles (Cal.) Letter.]

California is richer in ornithological life, especially in the singing bird, than any other section of country. The reason is plain—all the birds indigenous to a temperate climate are found here, and those more at home in a colder latitude find what they are looking for in the mountainous regions. Finding an equable climate, or varied, there is no reason for the songsters, or those who do not sing, to migrate. There are species in this state, whose counterparts are not found in the eastern states—owing, perhaps, to a mingling or intermixture of various species, something like our mixed races of people. A peculiar ornithological type is the "road runner," something on the order of the cuckoo. The Mexicans call him paisano, signifying "indigenous to the country." A man who lives in the country is also called paisano, instead of granger. The peculiarity of the paisano or road runner, is that it lives on the *mesas*, or treeless sections, and when apprised, it runs through the chapparal until it strikes a road when it takes to the middle and runs down the road as if Satan were in pursuit. It runs so swiftly and changes in its course so frequently that it is very difficult to shoot it. If hotly pursued on horseback, and it can out run most horses, it climbs a tree, jumping up a foot or two at a time. It cannot fly upward, and must climb or jump upward, so as to fly downward. The paisano takes a special delight in killing snakes, which it mainly feeds upon, and also robs bird's nests, perhaps from a spirit of viciousness, as it is considered a game bird and always looking for trouble. This bird is seldom killed by the hunter, as it is not good for food, and is useful in killing snakes. The "road runner" has no representative in the east, and but one type in Mexico.

The California woodpecker is known to the Spaniards as "carpintero," or carpenter; so called from his continual hammering on trees. The "carpintero" is always at work on the nut-pine or silver-pine trees to be found in the foot-hills of the coast range. These trees are his storehouses for winter food, and until the rainy season his shrill hammering is heard, drilling holes through the bark, into each of which he puts an acorn. Each carpintero selects a tree, and when he has finished drilling a sufficient number the tree

CALIFORNIA ROAD RUNNER.

looks as though it had just recovered from an attack of smallpox. Then the carpintero flies away to the nearest oak tree and returns with an acorn in his cast-iron bill. The acorn is driven into the hole with remarkable tightness, and then he flies away for another. The rains wet the ends of the acorn and grub worms wedge their way into it and eat the kernel and grow fat. While this crop is maturing, the carpintero is in his hole in some dead tree not far away, taking it easy. When hungry he ventures out of his winter quarters to his commissary department and eats—the grub-worm. Sometimes he encounters the "Digger Indian," who wings him with a boomerang. The nut-pine has a large cone, which the Digger Indian eats for food, and in quest of this food he incidentally wars upon the woodpecker. It is one of the prettiest birds in the west. Its plumage is of steel-blue, varied with red, black, white and yellow. He is something of a weather prophet, not only from his habits of storing away food, but from a peculiar cackling sound which he utters just before the beginning of the rainy season.

The cactus wren is peculiar to the Colorado desert. It builds its curious and unusually large nest in a cactus thicket for safety from its enemies. Its nest is architecturally woven of desert grasses somewhat in the shape of the present style of mutton-leg sleeves worn by the ladies. This nest, large enough for half a dozen birds of the size of its inhabitant, is laid horizontally on the cactus bush, and thus approach to it is difficult to a stranger. The cactus wren is a singer, but has only a few loud ringing notes, clear, sharp and musical, and its concert is never of long duration. This is about the only life of the barren cactus sections it inhabits, and the sweet notes amid a desolation is a striking contrast. It is larger than the eastern wren, of brown color, the breast white and spotted. Its counterpart is the European lyre bird.

The oriole, the little songster of which poets chant, is seen in southern California to its greatest advantage. Its brilliant orange plumage, black beak and black wings with a white spot in each, form a pretty combination and is seen perhaps to a greater advantage in this bright, clear atmosphere. It is known as the "hooded oriole" from a little tuft of feathers on his crown. They swarm in the orchards and gardens and hang their little nests amid the vines and roses that cluster around the houses. They are sweet singers, and seem to never tire; neither does the listener.

The cow blackbird is different from the eastern species, and will not visit the seashore. The female [illegible], called "the tramp," because it never builds its own nest, preferring to lay its eggs in other birds' nests. Whether it claims the hatchlings is a mooted question. The male is black with purplish tints, the head and neck sooty. It is a train robber on a small scale, accompanying the freight trains through the desert for hundreds of miles, picking up grain. They also scour the fields when grain is being sown, and make it interesting for the granger. Their notes are harsh, but are somewhat melodious when they sing in concert, as in some human voices. When they cannot get grain, they eat grub worms.

The purple finch, a species of the linnet, like the leopard, changes his spots. That is, the male, when caged, sometimes changes from a purple red to a yellow. Ornithologists have not explained this apparent strangeness. It seems that it would be more natural for the female to turn. It is a fine singer, but loses some of its melody after being imprisoned.

The "horned lark," so called from having long erectile tufts over the

CALIFORNIA CACTUS WREN.

eyes, inhabits the plains and fields of southern California and in the spring fills the air with sweet notes while sailing above and around without any other apparent object than to give an aerial concert. It is either in the air or on the ground, never lighting upon trees—no half way ground.

Those tropical gems, the humming birds, are here distinct from those found in the east. The calliope hummer is a Mexican species and not found north of Los Angeles. The coast hummer does not venture far inland. It is green, and the head is a metallic violet. The broad-tailed species is green, with a red throat. They prey upon the flowers, sucking honey from them, and when the scarcity of dew renders the sweet saccharine difficult to get they fall back upon insects.

The water ousel, or hydrobata Mexicana, is one of the most curious birds on the Pacific coast. It is a size larger than the sparrow, slate color, short tail, and lives on the banks of streams feeding on water insects and small fishes, which it catches by diving, swimming, or walking under the water, or flying along its surface. It is not web-footed, but has remarkable powers of locomotion—more than the average aquatic bird possesses. The female builds her nest of mosses, under a rill or dam where the water trickles over the top, keeping the mosses green and cool, also hidden from enemies. In the spring, when it is billing and cooing time, the male takes a position on a distant rock in the stream and their bird love is heard in their sweet resounding notes.

The white-headed eagle, which is seen as the emblem of America on our flag and "white metal," is now very rare in California, owing to tourists who think they are compelled to kill something. This "American eagle" was very numerous before the Americans came to this country. The Mexican settlers preserved them from destruction because the eagles killed the ground squirrels. And strange enough, as if by a tacit understanding, the eagle seldom broke the treaty by killing the domestic animals of the Mexican. But when the American settlers began to shoot these eagles, merely from a wanton desire to see them "drop," the eagles made a war in turn upon chickens, turkeys, even flying

THE WHITE EAGLE.

away with young lambs. That they never disturbed the domestic animals of the Mexicans is a well-established fact.

The "American golden eagle" of California has not a golden color, but is more brownish. Its long legs are booted with feathers down to its toes and spurs, as if for a ride.

J. M. SCANLAND.

Vessels Steered by Electricity.

A Frenchman, M. Bersier, has devised a plan by which the compass performs the part of the helmsman. An electric current is placed to work on the desired course, and when a vessel gets off the course for which the electrical instrument is set, the current starts a motor in either direction and moves a rudder until the vessel returns to her proper course. A two-months' trial of the apparatus is reported to have resulted very successfully. Are not the advantages of this [illegible] greater accuracy and [illegible] in a run of twenty-[illegible] usually allowed.—[illegible]

Utilizing Human Hair.

Human hair would be a salable commodity in foreign markets, says Mr. Hillier, British consul at Fusan, were its existence more generally known. The Coreans have remarkably fine heads of hair and they put their combings to a use that he has never seen elsewhere. A very large number of the saddle cloths placed under the packs of their ponies are made of hair woven into coarse mats or bags, and the same material is utilized in making the [illegible] and ropes of their [illegible].

While in Chicago, Mr. Charles L. Kahler, a prominent shoe merchant of Des Moines, Iowa, had quite a serious time of it. He took such a severe cold that he could hardly talk or navigate, but the prompt use of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy cured him of his cold so quickly that others at the hotel who had bad colds followed his example and half a dozen persons ordered it from the nearest drug store. They were profuse in their thanks to Mr. Kahler for telling them how to cure a bad cold so quickly. For sale by Fisher & Streich, druggists.

CONDENSED NEWS

Gathered By Telegraph From All Parts of the Country.

A young Polish boy died at Wheeling, W. Va., from the effects of eating pawpaws.

The State Fair association of West Virginia has purchased additional land and the grounds will be greatly improved.

The Eighteenth Ohio district congressional nomination was given to Edward S. Roff, of Canton. Brice was condemned.

James Travis attempted to board the ascending cage at Buzard's mine, near Steubenville, O., and was fatally crushed. He had just been divorced.

The fishermen at the islands, Sandusky, O., want the government to pay them more than 40 cents per quart for whitefish eggs this fall.

Actor Wm. J. Scanlan, an inmate of Bloomingdale asylum since January 7, 1892, has been adjudged hopelessly insane. The court will take charge of his property.

Contrary to his expectations, Chauncey, M. Depew, did not go as a delegate to the republican convention at Saratoga. He is piqued at the position he is placed in.

Friendly relations have been resumed between the Union Pacific and the Rock Island, Burlington, Rio Grande and Sante Fe roads to be effective October 1.

The coroner has decided that Mrs. Ellen Taylor, who died mysteriously at Battle Creek, Mich., died from an overdose of morphine. There is no longer any suspicion of murder against Gilbert.

Through the efforts of Wallace Bruce, United States consul, a monument has been erected in Edinburgh, dedicated to the Scottish soldiers and sailors who fought for the stars and stripes. It is the first monument of the kind erected on foreign soil.

Jim Talbot, a noted killer of early days, has been brought back from California to Sumpter county, Kan., where, thirteen years ago, he killed Mike Meager, then Mayor of the city of Caldwell. He has been in Mexico all these years.

Thomas D. Gray, constable at McDonald, Pa., shot and killed James Morgan, for whom he had a warrant of arrest for illegal liquor selling. Morgan got away from the constable. Morgan's friends threaten to lynch Gray.

Cable advices from Europe that American cattle arriving there were affected with pleuro-pneumonia were brought to the attention of Mr. Dabney, assistant secretary of agriculture. He said the report was wholly without foundation. There has not been a case of this disease among American cattle for over two and a half years.

THE MARKETS.

CINCINNATI, Sept. 18.

FLOUR—Spring patent, $3.25@3.50; do fancy at $2.75@2.90; do family at $2.50@2.65. Winter patent quotable at $2.55@2.60; fancy at $2.30@2.50; family at $2.00@2.15; extra at $1.85@1.90; low grades at $1.70@1.80. Rye Flour—Northwestern, $2.65@2.70; city, $2.70@2.75.

WHEAT—The receipts are very light, but trade is quiet and firm under a fair demand.

CORN—Sales: Yellow ear, track, at 60c; No. 2 white, track, at 60c; No. 2 mixed, track, at 58c; No. 3 yellow, track, at 57½c.

OATS—Sales: No. 2 mixed, (light color), track, at 33c; No. 2 mixed, track, at 32c; No. 2 white, track, at 34½c; No. 3 mixed, track, at 31c.

CATTLE—Heavy steers, fair to choice, $4.25@5.25; select butcher, $4.10@4.50; fair to good, $3.25@4.00; common to ordinary, $2.25@3.00. Heifers: Good to choice, $3.50@4.00; fair to medium, $2.75@3.45.

CALVES—Common and large, $2.50@4.75; fair to good light, $5.00@5.75; extra, $6.00.

HOGS—Select butchers, $5.95@6.00; packing, $5.40@5.90; common and rough, $4.50@5.35; light shippers, $5.35@5.60.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Sheep: Choice to extra wethers, $3.25@3.50; good to choice ewes and wethers mixed, $2.90@3.00; common to fair, $1.00@2.25. Lambs: No choice or extra on sale; fair to good, $3.25@4.00; common, $2.00@3.00.

WOOL—Unwashed: Fine merino, per lb, 9@10c; quarter blood clothing, 12@13c; medium delaine and clothing, 13c; coarse, 11@12c; medium combing, 13@14c. Washed: Fine merino, X to XX, per lb, 10@12c; medium clothing, 15@16c; delaine fleece, 15@16c; long combing, 15@16c; quarter blood and low, 15@16c; common coarse, 16@17c.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 18.

WHEAT—No. 2 red, spot and September, 53½@54c; October, 55½@55¾c; December, 57⅞@58⅛c; May, 60⅛c asked.

CORN—Mixed spot and September, 59c bid; year, 51½c asked.

OATS—No. 2 white western, 35@35½c; No. 2 mixed do, 33@33½c.

RYE—No. 2, 52c.

TOLEDO, O., Sept. 18.

WHEAT—No. 2 red cash and September, 53½c; October, 55¼c; December, 56½c; May, 60c; No. 3 red cash, 52½c; No. 2 white cash, 54½c.

CORN—No. 2 white cash, 56c.

OATS—No trading.

CLOVERSEED—Cash and October, $5.25; November, $5.30; February, $5.45; March, $5.50.

NEW YORK, Sept. 18.

RYE—Western, 48@52c.

WHEAT—No. 2 red store and elevator, 57⅞@58c; afloat, 58@58½c; f. o. b., 58½@59c; ungraded red, 54@59c; No. 1 northern, 65c.

CORN—No. 2, 62½@63½c elevator; 63c afloat.

OATS—No. 2, 34½c; No. 2 white, 37½c; No. 2 Chicago, 35½c; No. 3 white, 36½c; mixed western, 34@36c; white do, and white state, 37@40½c.

PITTSBURGH, Sept. 18.

CATTLE—Prime, $5.25@5.50; good, $4.90@5.00; fair butchers', $3.85@4.25; common, $2.75@3.50; fair light steers, $3.30@3.40; good fat cows and heifers, $2.50@3.10.

HOGS—Philadelphias, $5.30@5.40; best Yorkers and good mixed, $5.10@5.25; common to fair Yorkers, $5.00@5.05; pigs, $5.20@5.30; good sows, $5.25@5.35.

SHEEP—Extra, $3.25@3.50; good, $2.90@3.00; fair, $2.50@2.60; common, $1.00@1.50; spring lambs, $3.00@3.50; veal calves, $5.25; common heavy and thin calves, $3.00@3.50.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Sept. 18.

CATTLE—Extra export steers, $5.10@5.25; good heavy, $5.00@5.05; light steers, $4.75@4.90. HOGS—Yorkers good corn fed, $5.00@5.05; grassers and Michigans, $5.00@5.05; good medium corn fed, $5.15@5.25; pigs, market dull; grass heavy, $5.00@5.05; roughs, $3.50@3.75.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Best native Yorkers, $3.75@4.00; good, $3.60@3.65; fair to good mixed sheep, $3.50@3.75; extra, $4.00@4.10.

CHICAGO, Sept. 18.

Cash quotations: Flour easy. No 2 spring wheat, 53½@54½c; No 3 spring wheat, 52@52½c; No 2 red, 60½@61½c; No. 2 corn, 54½@55½c; No. 2 oats, 26½c; No. 2 white, 32½@32¾c; No. 3 white, 31½@32½c; No. 2 rye, 46c; No. 2 barley, 65½c; No. 3, 57@61c.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Sept. 18.

CATTLE—Market steady for fat kinds; shipping steers, $4.25@5.00; heifers, $3.00@4.00; cows, $2.00@3.00; veals, $5.00@5.50.

HOGS—Market 5@10c lower; good to choice, $5.75@5.90; pigs, $4.50@5.75; roughs, $4.00@5.50.

SHEEP—Market steady; fair to choice, $1.75@3.00; bucks, $2.25@3.75.

Irving W. Larimore, physical director of Y. M. C. A. Des Moines, Iowa, says he can conscientiously recommend Chamberlain's Pain Balm to athletes, gymnasts, bicyclists, foot ball players and the profession in general for bruises, sprains and dislocations; also for soreness and stiffness of the muscles. When applied before the parts become swollen it will effect a cure in one half the time usually required. For sale by Fisher & Streich, druggists.

See the Liberty Bell.

It Is Profitable!

To Glance at the Several Lines of Shoes in the 75c Special Cash Bargain Sale at

W. A. CONNOLLEY'S SHOE STORE.

Sale to continue TEN consecutive days only, commencing Thursday, Sept. 20th, and ending Saturday night, September 30th. Our frequent offering of decisive bargains delights economic buyers. This special sale beats all former sales. Now is the time to buy your shoes for the Fall season.

Choice of 1200 pairs of Women's, Misses and Children's Shoes, in Kid, Grain and Glove Calf at the Uniform Price of 75 Cents per Pair.

HOW TO GET IT.—A Beautiful Book, 250 pages, neatly bound in silk cloth, goes with each purchase of a pair of Fine Shoes, and with the purchase of two pairs of Children's Shoes. Come to Connolley's Shoe Store and secure nice, durable, reliable Shoes.

New Fall Stock of Ladies', Misses' and Children's Fall Cloaks and Capes and Foreign and Domestic Dress Goods Have Just Been Received at Connolley's Dry Goods Store.

These Cool Nights

Call for a change in Underwear.

We are selling

Good Heavy Ribbed Vests

At 20 and 25 cents; extra quality at 45 and 50 cents.

Canton Flannels.

Better values than ever at 5c. 6¼c, 7½c, 8½c, 9c and 10c. Our yard-wide

Brown Muslin

At 4c, 4½c and 5c beats them all. Those new

Dark Red Prints.

We have a large assortment at only 5c per yard.

We have decided to postpone our regular Fall Opening of Dress Goods, Wraps and Millinery until

Thursday and Friday,

SEPT. 27th and 28th.

Remember those dates and come in and see the largest display of the season.

MARTING Bros. & Co.

515 Chillicothe St.

WANTED—A house within five or six blocks of Elk building, containing six to eight rooms. Enquire at TIMES office.

WEBER'S

THE best is the cheapest. Why throw you money away on trash, when you can buy good goods at as low a price as they can be bought for anywhere. We will not misrepresent by saying that we will sell you Ladies' Shoes at 99c, where other merchants sell at $2.50, and Men's Shoes at $2.99, where other merchants sell at $7.00. I cannot do it and I will say no other man can that is not misrepresenting the truth and selling goods by false pretence. If I cannot sell you goods straight I don't want to sell you, but if you want to buy goods at right prices come to

WEBER'S SHOE STORE,

Corner Second and Court Streets.

"You May as Well

Be Out of the World
As Out of Style"

IS AN OLD ADAGE.

So, in order to

BE IN IT!

Purchase your Clothes of

J. Eisman & Co.

The Fashionable Tailors.

Down They Come!

For the Next Thirty Days We Will Sell

Three Burner Gasoline Stoves for $4.50
Two Burner Gasoline Stoves for 3.50
Refrigerators at Your Own Price : : :

Every Article Guaranteed to be First-class.

WATKINS BROS.

72 WEST SECOND STREET.

H. LEET & CO.

Dealers in all kinds of

Lumber, Lath, Red Cedar, Pine and Hemlock Shingles,

DOORS, SASH AND BLINDS.

Office and Planing Mill, Corner 9th and Washington Streets

PALACE RESTAURANT.

First Class Meals at All Hours.
Finely Appointed Bar Connected.

GEO. FRESHEL, Prop. - 151 West Second St.

The Lone Corvette.

GILBERT PARKER.

"POOR TED, poor Ted! I'd give my commission to see him again."

Capt. Richard Debney, of the British navy, commander of the man-of-war Cormorant, was entertaining some friends in the harbor of San Francisco, and the talk turned upon "Ted" Debney, his brother, who had resigned from the navy several years before because he had chivalrously prevented a French cruiser from boring holes in a wretched opium - smuggling craft. "Ted" was impulsive, brave, daring, and loved alike by his superiors and his men.

"Have you ever got on the track of Ted?"

"Once I thought I had, at Singapore, but nothing came of it. No doubt he changed his name. He never asked for nor got the legacy which my poor father left him."

An hour later they were aboard the Cormorant, dining with a number of men asked to come and say good-by to Mostyn, who was starting for England the second day following, after a pleasant cruise and visit with Debney.

Meanwhile, from far beyond that yellow lane of light running out from Golden Gate there came a vessel, sailing straight for harbor. She was a large old-fashioned cruiser, carrying guns, and when she passed another vessel she hoisted the British ensign. She looked like a half obsolete corvette, spruced up, made modern by every possible device, and all her appointments were shapely and in order. She was clearly a British man-of-war, as shown in her trim-dressed sailors, her good handful of marines, but her second and third lieutenants seemed little like Englishmen, and, indeed, one was an American and one was a Hollander. There was gun drill and cutlass drill every day, and, what was also singular, there was boat drill twice a day, so that the crew of this man-of-war, as they saw Golden Gate ahead of them, were perhaps more expert at boat drill than any that sailed. They could lower and raise a boat with wonderful expertness in a bad sea, and they rowed with clock-like precision and machine-like force.

Their general discipline did credit to the British navy. But they were not given to understand that by their commander, Capt. Shewell, who had an eye like a spot of steel and a tongue like aloes or honey as the mood was upon him.

This was most noticeable when he was shut away from the others in his cabin. Then his whole body seemed to change. The eye became softer, and yet full of a sort of genial devilry, and the body had a careless alertness and elasticity, the whole man had the athletic grace of a wild animal, and his face had a hearty sort of humor, which the slightly lifting lip in its bizaare disdain could not greatly modify. He certainly seemed well pleased with himself, and more than once, as he sat alone, he laughed outright, and once he said aloud, as his fingers ran up and down a schedule—not a man-o'-war's schedule—laughing softly:

"Poor old Farquhar, if he could see me now!" Then, to himself: "Well, as I told him, I was violently tossed like a ball into the large country, and I've had a lot of adventure and sport. But here's something more—the biggest game ever played between nations by a private person—with a half million dollars as the end thereof, if all goes well with my lone corvette!"

The next evening just before dusk, after having idled about out of sight of the signal station all day, Capt. Shewell entered Golden Gate with the Hornet, of no squadron. But the officers of the signal station did not know that, and simply telegraphed to the harbor in reply to the signals from the corvette that a British man-of-war was arriving. She came leisurely up the bay, with Capt. Shewell on the bridge. He gave a low whistle as he saw the Cormorant in the distance. He knew the harbor well, and he saw that the Cormorant had gone to a new anchorage, not the same as British men-of-war took formerly. He drew away to the new anchorage—he need not be supposed to know that a change was expected; besides (and this was important to Capt. Shewell), the old anchorage was nearer the docks, and it was clear, save for one little lifeboat and a schooner which was making out as he came up.

As she came to anchor the Cormorant saluted her, and she replied instantly. Custom officers who were watching the craft from the shore or from their boats gave up hope of any excitement when they saw and heard the salutes. But two went out to the Hornet, were received graciously by Capt. Shewell, who, over a glass of wine in his cabin—appropriately hung with pictures of Nelson and Collingwood—said that he was proceeding to Alaska to rescue a crew shipwrecked on an island, and that he was leaving the next day as soon as he could get some coal, though he feared it would be difficult coaling up that night. Still he did not need a great deal, he said—which was indeed the case—but he did need some, and he knew that for his own safety and the Hornet's he must have it. After this, with cheerful compliments and the perfunctory declaration on his part that there was nothing dutiable on board, the officers left him, greatly pleased with his courtesy, saluted as they left the ship's side by the marines and [illegible] at the gangway. The officers did not notice that one of these sailors winked an eye at another, and that both then grinned, and were promptly ordered aft by the second lieutenant.

As soon as it was very dark two or three boats pushed out from the Hornet and rowed swiftly to shore, passing a customs boat as they went, which was saluted by the officers in command. After this, boats kept passing back and forth for a long time between the Hornet and the shore, which was natural, seeing that a first night in port is a sort of holiday for officers and men. If these sailors had been watched closely, however, it would have been seen that they visited but few saloons on shore and drank little, and then evidently "as a blind." Close watching would also have discovered the fact that there were a few people on shore who were glad to see the safe arrival of the Hornet, and who, about one o'clock in the morning, almost fell on the neck of Capt. Shewell as they bade him good-by. Then for the rest of the night coal was carried out to the Hornet in boats, instead of her coming to dock to load.

By daybreak her coal was aboard; cleaning up then came and preparations to depart. Capt. Shewell's eye was now much on the Cormorant. He had escaped one danger, he had landed half a million dollars' worth of opium in the night, under the very nose of the law, and while customs boats were patrolling the bay, but there was another danger—the inquisitiveness of the Cormorant. It was etiquette for him to call upon the captain of the Cormorant, and he ought to have done so the evening before, but he dared not run the risk, nor could he run it this morning. And yet if the Cormorant discovered that the Hornet was not a British man-of-war, but a bold and splendid imposture, made possible by a daring ex-officer of the British navy, she might open fire, and he could make but a sorry fight, for he was equipped for show rather than for deadly action. He had got this ex-British man-of-war two years before, purchased in Brazil by two adventurous spirits in San Francisco, had selected his crew carefully, many of them deserters from the British navy, drilled them, and at last made this bold venture under the teeth of a fortress, and at the mouth of a warship's guns.

Just as he was lifting anchor to get away he saw a boat shoot out from the side of the Cormorant. Capt. Debney, indignant at the lack of etiquette, and a little suspicious also—for there was no Hornet in the Pacific squadron, though there was a Hornet, he knew, in the China squadron—was coming to see the discourteous commander. He was received according to custom, and was greeted at once by Capt. Shewell. As the eyes of the two men met both started, but Capt. Debney most. He turned white and put out his hand to the boatside to steady himself. But Capt. Shewell held the hand that had been put out, shook it, pressed it. He tried to press Capt. Debney forward, but the other drew back in the gangway.

"Pull yourself together, Dick, or

PULL YOURSELF TOGETHER, DICK.

there'll be a mess," said Shewell, softly.

"My God! how could you do it?" replied his brother, aghast.

Meanwhile the anchor had been raised and the Hornet was moving toward the harbor mouth.

"You have ruined us both," said Richard Debney.

"Neither, Dick! I'll save your bacon." He made a sign, the gangway was closed, he gave the word for full steam ahead, and the Hornet began to race through the water before Capt. Debney guessed his purposes.

"What do you mean to do?" he asked, sternly, as he saw his own gig falling astern.

"To make it hard for you to blow me to pieces. You've got to do it, of course, if you can, but I must get a start."

"How far do you intend taking me?"

"As far as Farilones, perhaps."

Richard Debney's face had a sick look. "Take me to your cabin," he whispered. What was said behind the closed door no man in this world knows, and it is as well not to listen too closely to those who part knowing that they will never meet again. They had been children in the one mother's arms; there was nothing in common between them now except the old love.

Nearing the Farilones Capt. Debney was put off in an open boat. Standing there alone he was once more a naval officer, and he called out sternly: "Sir, I hope to sink you and your smuggling craft in four and twenty hours!"

Capt. Shewell spoke no words, but saluted slowly, deliberately, and watched his brother's boat recede till it was a speck upon the sea, as it moved toward Golden Gate.

"Good old Dick!" he said at last as he turned toward the bridge: "and he'll do it if he can."

But he never did, for as the Cormorant cleared the harbor that evening there came an accident to her machinery, and with two days' start the Hornet was on her way to be sold again to the South American republic.

And Richard Debney, once the captain [illegible] barbary? His mother believes [illegible] as do the same.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss.
LUCAS COUNTY.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the city of Toledo, county and state aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

A. W. GLEASON,
[SEAL] Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surface of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.
Sold by druggists, 75c.

Postponed.

The grand fire works display will be postponed until tomorrow night on account of rainy weather.

Living Pictures in the Liberty Bell.

THE NEXT PARIS EXPOSITION.

Attractive Features Proposed for the Universal Show in 1900.

Already they appear to be commencing preparations for the exposition of 1900 in Paris. It would strike Americans that the introduction of electricity for general lighting had not made that progress one would expect there. But this season, says the Philadelphia Telegraph, the way in which a number of streets have been torn up to put in electric cables, shows that when the exposition is open all Paris will be brighter than ever by night. And now everyone who gives thought to the coming show is racking his brains to find something to distinguish the coming from the preceding shows. Among these has been proposed by the Petit Journal a scheme which it is thought will be particularly interesting to the children, and everyone knows how attractive that is to grown people, although they may not be willing to admit it. It has been suggested by Armand Dayot, inspector of fine arts, to unite with the exposition of 1900 the garden of the Tuileries, which latter is to be exclusively reserved for juvenile attractions, to be a sort of children's paradise, quite apart from the amusements and distractions of the grown people. There will be no lack of variety to give success to the idea. There will be interesting museums of children's toys, retrospective collections of dolls, where the crude terra cotta darling which the blind Nidia of Pompeii may have carried may look from the far end of the line down to her fin-de-siecle distant relative in gorgeous Paris dressing and capable of singing an entire song in a squeaky, grating phonograph falsetto! Then there will be panoramas and dioramas in miniature, to be decorated by such artists as Boutet de Monvel and Kate Greenaway. Punch and Judy shows in all their variety and nationality, from all corners of the world and of all periods, from the Chignot of the classic period to the marionettes of Boulogne, and the Karaguez of Constantinople, all displaying the antics of the same old "Polichinelle," eternally raging to the intense amusement of the children. There are to be children's balls and pony cavalcades under the trees, and under cover a sort of wax works showing children of genius in their early days; such as Lulli, Mozart, Giotto, Vivian, Canova and that astonishing Henry de Heinecken, who at the age of two years spoke three languages while yet in his nurse's arms, and could speak a piece in Latin also.

It is to be hoped that baby king of Spain will send his baby regiment, and, although they are Spanish soldiers, they may be allowed by the French government to show their drill in the garden. That the coming men and women have had no place, nothing suitable for their capabilities, in former exhibitions must be acknowledged; and that such a display, coupled with a retrospective exhibition of educational methods, will make the whole affair immensely attractive to both young and old, no one will doubt.

PAPER HORSESHOES.

They Are Helpful to Cavalry Horses on Long Marches.

When paper horseshoes were first introduced into the cavalry service of the German army a few years ago they excited a good deal of interest. Several cavalry horses were first shod with the paper shoes and the effect observed. It was found, says the Chicago Herald, that not only did the lightness and elasticity of the shoe help the horse on the march, making it possible for him to travel faster and farther without fatigue than horses shod with iron, but that the paper shoe had the property of being unaffected by water and other liquids. These new sheets of paper are pressed closely together, one above another, and rendered impervious to the moisture by the application of oil of turpentine. The sheets are glued together by a sort of paste composed of turpentine, whiting, gum and linseed oil, and then submitted to a powerful hydraulic pressure. Paper horseshoes are also made by grinding up the paper into a mass, combining it with turpentine, sand, gum, litharge and certain other substances, pressing it and afterward drying it. But these shoes are less tough and elastic than those made of thin sheets of paper laid one upon another. These shoes are fastened to the horse's feet either by means of nails or with a kind of glue made of coal tar and caoutchouc.

ELECTRIC ELEVATORS.

They Are Not Only Signaled, But Started and Stopped by the Lightning Fluid.

There is a vast difference between the latest perfected elevator and the elevator of a few years ago, says the New York Mail and Express. The electric elevator is the latest. The passenger signals it by a teleseme, as the appliance is called by which he presses a button labeled "Take me up" or "take me down," as may be. In response to which a faint buzzing in the ear of the conductor of each car, whether there are two or half a dozen, draws his attention to an indicator that shows on what floor the passenger is and which way he wants to go. The first car to pass that floor going his way takes him.

But the most novel point is that electricity is also used in running the cars. The conductor does not pull a steel cable nor grasp a handle as big as the reverse bar of a locomotive. He presses a button and the elevator rushes up, another button and it descends, a third and it stops. Before long the elevator men will be called operators at this rate, and charming young ladies, with fluffy bangs and rings on their fingers, will be doing the work.

COMEDY BY THE SEA.

The Forward Folk—Garrulous Mothers—The Conceited Dancer.

It's good fun to sit apart and notice the people at swell summer hotels, though sometimes it's a little sad, too, says an eastern correspondent.

The forward folk, who try to get acquainted with each newcomer of pretentious appearance, and who gets dropped as frequently as they are taken up, are amusing, as the newly rich, who fancy the ready road to elegance is gained by assuming a fierce haughtiness, the maintaining of which makes them as uncomfortable as it does their inferiors.

The garrulous mothers who have to talk all day long about the charms and perfections of their daughters are pretty trying.

Then there are the two or three lonely creatures who have drifted in somehow and are out of their element, and are quite conscious of the fact. They mournfully sit out the concerts and eat their meals almost tearfully.

There are, as a rule, so few men at the summer resorts that the few who linger longer than over Sunday get so swelled with their own importance that they are unbearably saucy.

At the hop the other night I noticed that the manner of the dancing men was as full of conceit as is a pudding of plums.

They lounged up to a girl, held out their arms, smiled a sickly smile, as who should say:

"I'll give you a turn or two, poor thing."

I'd cling to the wall till I took root before I'd dance with them, but girls aren't all alike, and the conceited chaps had only to "drop the handkerchief."

WOKE HIM UP AT LAST.

How a Sleeping Telegraph Operator Was Aroused to Duty.

There is a good story about a telegraph operator who once worked the land wires in the Duxbury cable office going to sleep one night and a message having to be sent six or seven thousand miles to wake him up. The operator is now a practicing physician in Cambridge, Mass., but before annexing M. D. to his name was one of the gilt-edge telegraphers of the country, says a writer in Donahoe's Magazine.

One night while on duty in the Duxbury office he fell asleep at his key. The sleep was a sound one. The New York operator called till out of patience, when he sent a message to Boston requesting the chief operator in charge to tell Duxbury to answer New York. The sleeper, however, was as deaf to Boston's "Di, Di," as to the impatient characters flashed on from New York.

In the cableroom next the sleeping operator was the cable artist. The room was dark and he was watching the mirror for the tiny sparks that in those days went to make up a message. To him the Morse alphabet was all Greek, so the sleeper slept on.

Seeing no other way out of the muddle and thinking the operator asleep, New York called Canso in Nova Scotia and addressed a message to the cable operator at Duxbury. The message read:

"Go into the other room and wake up that operator."

Canso sent it to Heart's Content in Newfoundland; Heart's Content rushed it across the deep to Valentia. From there it went to London, thence to Dover, and across the channel to Calais and to Brest. Brest kept it moving on to Miquelon and Miquelon gave the cable operator at Duxbury a unique surprise. The sleeper was then aroused, about eleven minutes having been taken by the grand round of the cablegram. He tried to explain matters by telling New York he was out of adjustment. The story didn't impress the officials as being truthful, and in a day or two there was a vacancy in Duxbury.

THE SOLDIER'S WORK.

Regulars Labor the Same as Any Other Workingman.

"Carrying a gun and shooting when you are ordered to shoot is a business the same as laying brick or making a boiler to the average regular soldier," said one of the privates of a company on guard at the custom house during the great strike, says the Chicago Herald. "These people," he continued, "who call themselves laboring people, and jeer at us and insult us, seem to forget that when a man enters the regular army in times of peace he doesn't do it from any particular motive of patriotism. It is a business with him, and it has less of freedom in it than any class of labor that I know anything about. A regular is absolutely under the eyes of his superior day and night. He can't go across the street without permission. He has requirements made of him every hour in the day. He undergoes about as many privations as any laboring man I ever heard of. I wonder if some of these civilians who think proper to jeer at us, and insult us, as many have done in Chicago, ever stop to realize what we have done for their welfare and good in other times? I wonder if they think we have been kept, sometimes for months and years, away from the civilization which has given them so many advantages? I wonder if they think we are doing this thing for our health? The regular private is as much a laboring man as any now on a strike; he is under a contract, the violation of which means disgrace if not death. And yet it remained for us, who have been among Indians and snowstorms and all privations, to come here, under orders, to be insulted and spitefully used."

THE ORIGIN OF TATTOOING.

It Dates So Far Back That It Is Lost in Antiquity.

Tattooing dates back so far that it is impossible to discover when it was first practiced, but it was one of the practices that were prohibited to the Jews, for in Leviticus 19:28, is the following: "Ye shall not make any cuttings in your flesh for the dead, nor print any marks upon you." From this it may be inferred that tattooing was prevalent in the days of Moses. It is a custom that prevails among the savage nations of the earth and tattooing is practiced to this day, except where Christianity and civilization have put a stop to it. It was at one time years ago, and is yet, but not to such a marked degree, a fad among sailors to have various designs placed on the body. It was also a fad among a certain class of silly women to have their lover's name tattooed on the arm or breast. There are sailors in almost every seaport at this time who are willing for a consideration to place figures on the flesh of any who are foolish enough to have disfiguring marks driven beneath the surface of the skin with needle points dipped into coloring matter.

To Horse Owners.

For putting a horse in a fine healthy condition try Dr. Caly's Condition Powders. They tone up the system, aid digestion, cure loss of appetite, relieve constipation, correct kidney disorders and destroy worms, giving new life to an old or over worked horse. 25 cents per package. For sale by Fisher & Streich, druggists.

Chamberlain's Eye and Skin Ointment.

Is a certain cure for Chronic Sore Eyes, Granulated Eye Lids, Sore Nipples, Piles, Eczema, Tetter, Salt Rheum and Scald Head, 25 cent per box. For sale by Fisher & Streich, druggists.

The TIMES leads them all.

A Word With You.

Brevity Is the Soul of Wit and Truth Is Not Long Winded.

The Truth Is:

The best and cheapest tailor-made clothing is made by Haas, Schwartz & Smith, and all the best dressers are "on to it."

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In knowing the truth and always profiting by it, never failing to buy your clothes of

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Good Baking Powder

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We will positively sell any one of the following useful and comfortable articles for summer use

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Refrigerators,
Ice Cream Freezers,
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Gasoline Stoves.

If You Want a Bargain, Now's the Time.

We are bound to move these goods to make room for our big Fall stock of Cooking and Heating Stoves.

C. S. CADOT, 118-120 West Second Street.

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$3,500—No 88 East Third street, a two-story stone and frame dwelling, new and modern. *Complete in every respect, at less than cost.*

$3,500—No. 44 East Ninth street, five-room frame cottage, 50 foot front lot. *This is a first-class property in every respect.*

$900—House, barn and orchard, with 44 acres of land, near Red School House. Just the thing for a suburban residence.

$4,500—40 acre farm and good seven-room frame dwelling, at mouth of Munn's run. *Very desirable.*

For Additional Property for sale or trade see our office list.

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THOMPSON & KRICKER,

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Ice Cream Freezers, Fruit Jars,
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The cutest thing for the purpose.
Coal Oil Stoves, single burner,
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Lemonade Shakers, Tumblers and Straws,
Straws that show which way the Lemonade goes.

For goods that are good and cheap,
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Notice of Appointment.

THE undersigned has been duly appointed and qualified as trustee for the benefit of the creditors of the Citizens Savings Bank of Portsmouth, Ohio, by the probate court of Scioto county, Ohio.

All persons indebted to said assignor will make immediate payment, and creditors will present their claims, duly authenticated, to the undersigned for allowance.

FRANK B. KEHOE,
Portsmouth, Ohio.

September 4, 1894.

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In Effect May 13, 1894.

EAST BOUND.	WEST BOUND.
*12:00 Noon.	*4:50 a. m.
*3:16 p. m.	*7:18 a. m.
†7:02 p. m.	*2:36 p. m.
*10:16 p. m.	†3:16 p. m.

*Daily. †Daily, except Sunday.

F. F. V. Limited, 3:16 p.m., arrives Washington 7:42 a.m.; Baltimore, 8:15 a.m.; Philadelphia, 11:00 a.m.; New York, 1:10 p.m.; Boston 8:00 p.m.

F. F. V. Limited, 2:36 p.m., arrives Cincinnati 5:50 p.m.

Washington Express, 10:16 p.m., arrives Washington, 2:45 p.m.; New York, 9:05 p.m.

Cincinnati Fast Line, 4:50 a.m., arrives Cincinnati, 8:05 a.m.

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Trains arrive PORTSMOUTH as follows: Mail, 5:00 pm; Accommodation, 11:20 am.

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P M	A M		A M	P M
1 45	6 05	..... Portsm'th	12 05	5 40
2 29	6 47	..... Otway	11 21	7 57
2 41	6 59	..... Rarden	11 11	7 45
3 01	7 21	..... Peebles	10 49	7 22
5 55	10 10	.....Cincinnati	8 00	4 30
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FLOYD L. SMITH, *District Passenger Agent, Portsmouth, Ohio.*

N. & W. R. R. Norfolk & Western R.R.

Schedule in effect May 20, 1894.

ALL TRAINS DAILY.

Trains leave Portsmouth, as follows:

EAST BOUND.

10:55 am—The Kenova and Chicago Express—Arrives Kenova 12 25 noon. Connects with C. & O. at Kenova for Huntington, Charleston, and all points East. Pullman Sleeper, Chicago to Kenova.

3:47 pm—Local Accommodation—Arrives Kenova 5 20 pm, makes all stops. No connection beyond Kenova.

8:50 pm—Norfolk Express—For Bluefield, Radford, Roanoke, Norfolk and all points on Main Line. Pullman Buffet Sleeper Columbus to Roanoke.

WEST BOUND.

5:15 am—Norfolk Express—Arrives at Columbus 9 30 am. Pullman Buffet car, Roanoke to Columbus. Arrives Chicago 7 55 pm, via Hocking Valley and C. & E. Rys.

10:28 am—Local Accommodation—Arrives Columbus 2 20 pm, makes all stops.

4:47 pm—Kenova and Chicago Express—From Bluefield, Pocahontas and points on Kenova Division. Arrives Columbus 8 10 pm. Pullman Sleeper Kenova to Chicago via Hocking Valley and Erie railroads.

KENOVA DIVISION.

Trains leave Kenova daily, 8 30 am, Eastern time, for Bluefield, Pocahontas, and all intermediate stations. Also 11:25 pm, the Norfolk Express for Roanoke, Lynchburg, Richmond and Norfolk, Pullman Buffet Sleeper, Columbus to Roanoke without change.

For all information as to tickets, time cards, etc., apply to nearest ticket agent or address

W. B. BEVILL, *Gen. Pass. Agt., Roanoke, Va.* ALLEN HULL, *Div. Pass Agt., Columbus, O.*

Cincinnati, Portsmouth, Big Sandy & Pomeroy Packet Co.

Palatial Sidewheel Steamers,
Bostonia, Telegraph or Bonanza

Leave Cincinnati daily at 5 pm, from foot of Broadway. Pass Portsmouth daily, on up trip at 7 30 am, and on down trip at 8 pm for Cincinnati.

F. B. KEHOE, Freight Agent on Wharf Boat
McFARLIN & HUTCHINS, *Pass. Agts.* 115 *Market St Portsmouth, O.*

THE OLD RELIABLE Portsmouth Steam Dye House,

71 and 73 West Third St.

Ladies' and Gentlemen's Clothes cleaned and dyed or colored in any shade.

Dry Cleaning a specialty.

H. HUELS.

Complete Line of Boots and Shoes for the Fall of 1894

AT

THE SAMPLE SHOE COMPANY'S,

517 CHILLICOTHE STREET
PORTSMOUTH, O.

LADIES' SHOES.

We can't say too much when it comes to Ladies' Shoes, as we have made special efforts to secure samples of the very best makes, and in the very latest styles, in plain and tip toes, and we offer them at the following bargains:

Shoes that are fully	Worth $1 50	Our Price $ 99
Shoes, in ten styles	Worth 2 00	Our Price 1 09
Shoes that sell for, and are	Worth 2 50	Our Price 1 24
Shoes that any dealer will tell you are	Worth 3 00	Our Price 1 49
Glove Grain Shoes, in lace and button	Worth 1 25	Our Price 79
Pebble Grain Shoes, in lace and button	Worth 1 50	Our Price 99
Glove Grain Shoes, in lace and button	Worth 1 50	Our Price 99

Our Finer Grades Accordingly.

REMEMBER, we do not ask you to buy unless you find BARGAINS. Therefore we are sure that you will save money by seeing our goods.

No shoe house in the state of Ohio can show you a better line of Boys' and Misses' shoes, and at prices away below competition.

We have just received 100 pairs of Patent Leather Shoes for Gents, which we will place on sale at the extremely low price of $1.99.

We have nothing but bargains in Boots and Shoes, and handle nothing but the best qualities. We sell our fine shoes for less than other merchants have to pay for theirs wholesale. Ours is the only shoe house in the state where you can buy shoes for half their actual value.

Men's Shoes that are worth $2.50, $2.75, $3.00, $3.25, $3.50, $3.75, $4.00, $4.25, $4.50, $4.75, $5.00, $5.25, $5.50, $5.75 and $6.00, are going at $1.49, $1.69, $1.79, $1.89, $1.99, $2.24, $2.49, $2.69, $2.79, $2.89 and $2.99.

MEN'S SHOES.

Men's Boots, fully	Worth $2 00	Our Price $1 24
Men's Boots, plain or tap sole	Worth 2 50	Our Price 1 49
Men's Boots, plain or tap sole	Worth 3 00	Our Price 1 89
Men's Boots	Worth 3 25	Our Price 1 99
Men's Boots	Worth 3 50	Our Price 2 24
Men's Boots	Worth 4 00	Our Price 2 49
Fine Calf Skin Boots	Worth 3 25	Our Price 1 99
The Best $5.00 French Calf Skin Boots	Worth 5 00	Our Price 2 99
Men's Shoes	Worth 1 50	Our Price 99
Men's Shoes	Worth 1 25	Our Price 89
Men's Fine Shoes, in Lace and Congress	Worth 1 50	Our Price 99
The Best $2.00 Shoe in the Country	Worth 2 00	Our Price 1 25
The Best $2.25 Shoe in the State	Worth 2 25	Our Price 1 39

Better Shoes for the Above Prices Cannot Be Seen Anywhere.

Store Open Until 10 O'Clock Every Evening.

We Lead Them All in Prices, as We Are the Originators of Low Prices on Reliable Shoes.

THE SAMPLE SHOE COMPANY.

517 Chillicothe St., opp. P. O., Portsmouth, O.

THE CONVENTION.

The Proposed Censure of Senator Brice Failed to Materialize.

One of the Largest Conventions Ever Held in Ohio.

Turner for Secretary of State, Ermston, Leech and Keffler His Running Mates—Free Coinage of Silver—The A. P. A., McKinleyism and the Late Legislature Denounced.

Special to the TIMES.

COLUMBUS, O., 3:30 p. m.—Hon. Frank Hurd, of Toledo, was chosen permanent chairman of the convention today. The attendance is unusually large and the convention is one of the largest ever held in Ohio. The report of the committee on resolutions, adopted, endorsed the administration of Grover Cleveland, declared for free coinage of silver and gold 16 to 1, and denounced the McKinley administration, the A. P. A. and the state legislature.

The much-talked-of censure of Senator Brice failed to materialize.

Hon. Milton J. Turner, the one armed soldier of Guernsey county, who made such an excellent run against Banker H. C. Vanvorhees, of Zanesville, for congress, will head the ticket as the candidate for secretary of state.

James D. Ermston, of Cincinnati, was nominated for judge of the supreme court; Dr. J. A. Leech, of Columbus, for state commissioner of common schools and H. P. Keffler, of Uhrichsville, for member of the board of public works. J. L. P.

JUDGE THOMPSON'S CANES.

A Choice Assortment of Over Thirty Native Wood Sticks Added to His Collection.

Judge A. C. Thompson's friends are all acquainted with his one hobby, the collection of canes. Postage stamps, coins, spoons and the like may attract some people, but a new cane, particularly if of some rare wood, will strike a tender spot in the Judge's make-up. He has been adding to his list for some time and has a collection of which any dealer in walking sticks might well be proud. But there has always been, figuratively speaking, one vacant chair in his cane house. He had no red-oak stick. Some time ago Wm. Smith, Jr., of Otway, learned of the Judge's hobby and also of this particular desire, and promised to get a red-oak cane for the collection. A few days ago the Judge received a bundle which contained the red-oak stick and about thirty-five other canes representing as many different varieties of sassafras, birch, oak, ash, black walnut, elm, maple, box elder, laurel, and, in fact, all the native woods. This brings the collection somewhere near the 100 mark and still growing, for the Judge says that his friends all seem to sympathize with his weakness and he is receiving new sticks every now and then.

GOOD WORDS

Spoken of W. W. Severs's Pitching by the Newport News Commercial.

The Daily Commercial, of Newport News, Va., has the following to say concerning W. W. Severs, in a two column article on the close of the base ball season in eastern Virginia:

"William W. Severs is a twirler of rare merit. He is twenty-one years of age, and a native of Portsmouth, O. His first pitching was done for the Chillicothe, O., club. He joined the Staunton club on the 10th of May. The only time the heavy hitting Farmers from Petersburg have been shut out this season was when Severs pitched against them here about a month ago. This is his first season on a professional club, and his friends are of the opinion that if he keeps up his good work some of the magnates of the National League will be after him next season. His curves are very deceptive and he has a drop that is a daisy."

Will Play in Piketon.

The game of base ball between the Manhattans and the Piketon colored club will be played in Piketon this coming Saturday. The game will be for a purse of $10.

Working Full Force.

The Portsmouth Fire Brick Co. is now working a full force of men, over 150 men being employed, and the management anticipate a good season, judging from the orders already coming in.

A SERIOUS FIRE.

Two Small Houses Belonging to Joseph Gallion Burned Last Evening.

One of the most serious fires of the season occurred last evening, two small houses, the property of Landlord Joseph Gallion, of the Hotel Portsmouth, and situated just east of the corporation line, being entirely destroyed.

The fire was undoubtedly of incendiary origin, as the houses were unoccupied. The fire was discovered about half-past 1 o'clock by some neighbors, who did all in their power to put it out. An alarm was sent in from the box at the corner of Gallia and Lawson streets, and was responded to by the East End department, but as there was no water in the neighborhood of the fire, the department could do nothing. The two houses were situated very close together, one taking fire from the other. Mr. Galion had stored in one of them a billiard table, almost new, and several articles of furniture.

Mr. Galion estimates his loss at from $1,300 to $1,400, and says there was little insurance. The houses were comparatively new, having been built within the past two years.

IRONTON'S HOSPITALITY

Enjoyed by a Number of Portsmouth Young People at a Delightful Dance Last Night.

The dance given by the Knickerbockers of Ironton last evening was a decided success in every particular, and the six young people, Misses Kate and Fan Newman and Miss Sara Thompson, and Messrs. E. A. Johnson, Harry Smith and W. P. Reed, who represented the Portsmouth Assembly, enjoyed one of the most delightful dances that they have ever had the pleasure of attending.

Syndicate hall is sufficiently large to accommodate many more than were present—twenty-five couple. The floor was in excellent condition. The music by the Mathews-Leroy orchestra was all that could be desired. Refreshing ices were supplied all during the evening, and at midnight a delicious supper was served.

The guests from abroad enjoyed the most charming hospitality at the hands of their Ironton friends, the visiting young ladies being entertained at the pleasant homes of Mrs. Ranson, Miss Josie Wood, Miss Vernon Campbell and Miss Jessie Scott. There were several present from Ashland.

The dance was given in honor of Miss Grace Bass, of Ft. Wayne, Ind., who is the attractive guest of Miss Vernon Campbell.

THE TROLLEY BROKE

And Some Twenty-five Or Thirty Passengers Tramped in from New Boston.

The trolley wire of the street railroad broke last evening on the Harper trestle about 10:15 o'clock, leaving the Lowell and some twenty and thirty passengers stranded at New Boston. The most of the passengers tramped into town in the mud in anything but an agreeable frame of mind. A few, however, hired conveyances to bring them in.

Hotel Arrivals.

ELK—Clem Clark, Jackson; E. A. Doyle, Winchester; Jas. L. Darnell, Hillsboro; J. S. Marriott, Lucasville; Geo. A. Taylor, Chicago; Boss Foster, West Side; W. W. Smith, Covington.

BIGGS—O. C. Bugh, Columbus; Robt. M. Durham, Washington, D. C.; E. R. Graham, Boston; Geo. O. Showers, Cleveland; J. R. Entrekin, South Bend; Lewis G. Ballant, Cincinnati; W. H. Jeffrey, Columbus; Samuel Blaner, Hamden, C. I. Atward, Columbus; J. F. Sears, Covington; Edward Newell, Harry Patton, Cincinnati; G. H. Morrison, Buena Vista.

PORTSMOUTH—F. A. Mater, Covington; S. D. Davis, Hamilton; C. F. Ball, Maysville Ky.; R. F. Dixon, Waverly; Jas. Stearns, Sabina; James McDent, N. Y.

Notice Jr. O. U. A. M.

Scioto Council, No. 195, are requested to meet at their hall Thursday, Sept. 20th, at 7:30 o'clock sharp, to transact business of importance. H. O. Malott, state deputy councilor, also H. A. Malott, state councilor of the order of Daughters of America, will be present. All ladies who are interested are requested to meet at 8:30 sharp same evening. A. C. BURK, R. S.

Council Tonight.

There will be a meeting of the city council this evening at the council chamber, the session to open at 6:30 o'clock, standard time.

Postponed.

The grand fire works display will be postponed until tomorrow night on account of rainy weather.

Pretty girls for the Living Pictures in the Liberty Bell.

PERSONAL.

Cliff Thompson went to Wellston today on a visit to friends.

Miss Emma Smith, of Dry Run, is visiting friends at Delaware, O.

Frank Amann has returned from a two days' business trip to Cincinnati.

Mrs. Frank Oakes, of Haverhill, is in the city today, the guest of Mrs. Filmore Musser.

A. B. Cox, of Wheelersburg, is visiting his niece, Mrs. Wm. Stahl, of East Sixth street.

C. A. Goddard, Jr., arrived in the city today from a couple of weeks' visit to his home at Franklin Furnace.

Mrs. R. A. Bryan was called to Elm Tree this morning by the serious illness of her grandmother, Mrs. Wm. Givens.

Miss Marie Brodbeck, of Portsmouth, who has been the guest of Mrs. Samuel Taggart, of East Main street, has returned to her home.—Chillicothe Gazette.

Joe and Howard Williamson, of Dry Run, and Rosa Kline, of Buena Vista, left this morning for Delaware, where they will attend the O. W. U. the coming winter.

MAYNARD'S TROUBLES.

The Engineers Fire Lumps of Coal at Him, and in Various Ways Make His Life a Burden.

Lewis Maynard, better known as "Shorty," is the target watchman of the N. & W. just west of the city. "Shorty" is just now having a lot of trouble with various engineers, firemen and brakemen on the road, on account of a penchant they have of throwing lumps of coal in his direction as the trains go by. After several narrow escapes, "Shorty" came to the conclusion that discretion is the better part of valor and whenever a train approaches, after satisfying himself that everything is all right, seeks safety in the target house, where he can laugh at his enemies. This morning, however, he thought he would get even with at least one engineer and when his train came to a halt at the target "Shorty" threw a bucket of water on him. The engineer did not see the joke, however, and informed Shorty that he proposed to thump the life out him the first chance he got. The target man, however, says he can "do" any engineer on the road, so is not a bit afraid.

CONLEY CELEBRATES

Over the Completion of His Electric Light Plant with a Display of Fire Works.

Pat Conley, New Boston's enterprising saloon-keeper, was celebrating last evening over the completion of his electric light plant, the building for the first time being illuminated throughout by means of incandescent and arc lights. Pat had procured a small display of fire-works, and these were set off in honor of the event, Conley himself acting as chief master of ceremonies. The display was witnessed by a small crowd of spectators.

Awarded First Premium.

Mr. W. R. Kinney is very proud these days over the arrival of a $2 check from the Ohio State Agricultural society, this being the first premium awarded him for a fine display of Niagara grapes. Mr. Kinney says this bears him out in the assertion that as fine grapes can be raised in Scioto county as in any other place in the country.

A Delightful Party.

Miss Rosaine Jackson charmingly entertained a few friends on the evening of September 17 at the home of her parents, Thomas and Emma Weaver, 163 West Front street. A most delightful evening was spent by all. During the evening three young gentlemen from Cincinnati, who are visiting in the city furnished music on stringed instruments.

Arranging for Emancipation Day.

The colored gentlemen having in charge the exercises for Emancipation day, which will be celebrated at the new fair grounds next Saturday, held a meeting at the Findlay Street Baptist church last evening to arrange a program and make other arrangements. A big delegation is expected down from Ironton. The program will include several speeches by prominent colored men.

A Decided Improvement.

A telegram received from Cincinnati last evening stated that there was a decided improvement in the condition of Frank Finney, notice of whose illness appeared in yesterday's paper. Mrs. A. J. Finney left last evening for Cincinnati.

Mr. Wawner, of the A. L. Dee Fire Works company, arrived last night and will see that the fire works are set off in good shape tomorrow night.

IN COURT.

One Divorce Granted and Alimony Allowed in Another Case.

A Couple of Prisoners Arraigned—The Trial of Civil Cases Under Headway—Minor Notes from the Court House.

CRIMINAL MATTERS.

Frank C. Atkins was arraigned and pleaded not guilty to the charge of slander. His trial was set for September 29. Walden S. Kemper pleaded not guilty to the same charge and will be tried September 28. Thomas Taylor, who was under bond of $200 on the charge of assault and battery, failed to appear and his bond was forfeited. Levi Taylor and Julius Taylor were the sureties.

ONE DIVORCE AND AN ALIMONY CASE.

Geo. M. Culbertson was given a divorce from Emma B. Culbertson, this morning, the defendant making no defense.

In the suit of Elizabeth Herron vs. Frederick Herron, the court found for the plaintiff and decreed alimony.

CIVIL CASES.

Paul Graff vs. John Hill et. al., redocketed. First National Bank of Massillon made party defendant; appearance entered; leave to file answer and cross petition; same filed. Importers and Traders' National Bank of New York made party defendant; same as above.

The case of Mary Creekbaum vs. Caroline Sohner, attachment, is on trial today.

REAL ESTATE CHANGE.

Morgan township—John S. and Mary J. Thomas to Michael Raltgen, 239 acres, $2,000.

ODDS AND ENDS.

Several Minor Matters Disposed of in Mayor's Court.

Three weary walking Willies commonly known as "hobos" were accommodated with lodging at the city building over night and were discharged this morning.

Parker and Purdum, the scrapping colored gentlemen who were arraigned in court yesterday, were fined $4.80 each.

Walter Hoyt and Noah Keffer, the lads arrested on suspicion of implication in the burglary of Smith Bros. grocery last week, were discharged. The authorities feel certain that they were interested in the affair, but they denied it. The Keffer boy will not be sent to the reform school as was intended, but his mother will take charge of him and attempt a reformation.

FOR MEMBERS ONLY

Are the Games at the Y. M. C. A.—The Reading Room Public—Notes.

The directors of the Y. M. C. A. have decided to limit the use of the various games at the association rooms to members. Heretofore outsiders have had the privilege of the games. The reading room is public, and everybody is invited to enjoy its privileges.

The reception committee will meet at 6:15 this evening, and the membership committee at the same hour Friday.

Resigned the Agency.

W. J. Ackerman has resigned his position as agent for the Aurora beer, and is now acting as local agent for the Hoster Brewing Co. of Columbus. Mr. Ackerman is making extensive repairs and improvements on his building on Eleventh street and will shortly have a grand opening.

Cut His Leg With an Axe.

Thompson Kerry, a member of the bridge carpenter crew on the N. & W., cut his leg severely yesterday afternoon about 3 o'clock with an axe while working on the section just west of the city. He was brought to town on a hand car. Dr. J. N. Crawford attended him.

Social Postponed.

The social which was to have been held at Mr. Kirby's, on Gallia street, this evening, has been postponed until next Monday evening, when it will positively be held rain or shine.

An Incandescent Light Plant.

Supt. Baird, of the Street Railroad, says that it is the intention of the company to put in an incandescent light plant, so as to be able to furnish incandescents for the city and New Boston.

Postponed.

The grand fire works display will be postponed until tomorrow night, on account of rainy weather.

Very clever comedian in the Liberty Bell.

FRAGMENTS.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Robert Clare, this morning, a daughter.

Jacob Pollard, of Portsmouth, appears in the list of pensions reissued yesterday.

In the organization of the Democratic State convention, Tuesday, J. L. Patterson, of this city, was chosen a member of the committee on resolutions.

THE GERMAN M. E. PREACHERS.

Conference Closes at Cleveland—The Appointments for This District.

The Central Ohio German Methodist conference closed at Cleveland yesterday. The appointments in this district which will be of interest to TIMES readers are as follows:

J. S. Schneider, presiding elder.

Rushville and Brookville, Ind.—William Riechemeyer and Ernest Mueller.

Chillicothe and Waverly—Edward Kress.

Cincinnati—Everett street, C. E. Block; Mt. Auburn, John Oetjen; Race street, Frederick Kramer; Spring Grove avenue, Edward Strecher; Third church, Charles Trueschel; Walnut Hills, J. C. Wnerster.

Covington, Ky.—G. E. Hiller.

Dayton, O.—Elias Roser.

Greenville and Piqua, O.—A. F. Zurwell.

Hamilton, O.—John Claus.

Higginsport and Fairview—To be supplied.

Indianapolis, Ind.—First church, J. C. Marting, Third church, John Mueller; Nippirt Memorial, H. Bomermann; Second church, to be supplied.

Ironton and Zion, O.—Mathias George.

Lafayette, Ind.—J. H. Schimmelpfennig.

Lawrenceburg, Ind.—F. J. Kaupech.

Mt. Healthy—William Jauch.

Newport, Ky.—J. J. Baechtold.

Pomeroy, O.—P. J. Graessle.

Portsmouth, O.—W. A. Schruff.

LETTER LIST.

The following is the list of letters remaining in the Portsmouth (Ohio) postoffice Sept. 18, 1894, which, if not called for within 15 days, will be sent to the dead letter office at Washington, D. C.:

Messrs. Bently & Georg Furn. Co., Coshua Clenenger, Frank Q. Davis, Dr. G. B. Gilbner, Eaven Hussy, Howard Hughes, Bert Loyd, J. C. McCloud, Frank Russel, C. C. Slater, Miss Clara Sheldon, Mrs. Bert Strickly, Billy Wilson.

When calling for any of the above letters, please say "advertised," giving date and pay 1 cent postage due.

JOHN JONES, P. M.

A Word to Methodists.

An opportunity to meet together in pleasant social relations is to be afforded the methodist people and their friends on Thursday evening of this week. It will be the last opportunity to meet the presiding elder of Portsmouth district, Rev. L. C. Haddox, in a social function. This pleasant combination of pleasure and profit is the happy thought of the ladies of Sixth Street M. E. church. The place is the residence of Henry Amberg, on East Ninth street. A hint about the program will be given in tomorrow's dailies.

For Sale.

At our office, a national cash register, at a liberal deduction below cost price. EVANS & LIVINGSTONE, 35 West Second Street.

In Case of Apparent Death.

The new method of Dr. Laborde, which consists in making rhythmic traction on the tongue to bring about the respiratory reflex action, has been tried a great deal in France in the last two years in all sorts of cases of asphyxia by drowning, electric shock, lightning stroke and the cases of apparent death in the newly born. Some sixty-three cases are given where patients were recalled to life by this method, and as it is so simple using an ordinary tongue forceps, such as is on hand during chloroform or ether inhalation, the tongue is pulled forward and regular rhythmical movements are given to it; it is proposed to issue some simple direction that can be posted in every hospital and be in the hands of every midwife or anyone who may be liable to see asphyxia, such as those who give anesthetics.

A. M. Bailey, a well known citizen of Eugene, Oregon, says his wife has for years been troubled with chronic diarrhea and used many remedies with little relief until she tried Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and diarrhoea Remedy, which has cured her sound and well. Give it a trial and you will be supriaed at the prompt relief it affords. 25 and 50 cent bottles for sale by Fisher & Streich, druggists.

Do you advertise in the Times? If you do not, half the people don't know what you have to sell.

DANCING AND DANCERS.

GALLINI, in his "Travels in Africa," declares that the people of the west coast are exceedingly fond of dancing. He once tried to tire them out, but as long as he could raise his hand to his violin they continued to dance, and he was forced to desist.

ONE of the most famous early ballet dancers was Mlle. Maze, who, being ruined by Law's financial schemes, dressed herself in her finest robes and committed suicide publicly by jumping off a Seine bridge at noon in the presence of thousands of people.

MARIA TAGLIONI, the dancuese, was the daughter of an Italian ballet master. She was born in 1804, went on the stage in 1822 and continued her appearances in public until 1847, when she retired. Her greatest successes were in La Bayadere, La Sylphide and La Fille du Danube.

HEINE'S ballet, "Mephistopheles," displays "Faust" tempted by a female Mephistopheles, who exhibits to her victim the most celebrated female dancuesces of antiquity, including "Salome," the daughter of "Herodias," while David is also represented as doing a pas seul before the ark.

THE ballet d'action is said to have been revived from ancient models by the famous Duchesse du Maine, who took a well-known play, had music written for it, and set the characters to act it through from beginning to end without speaking a word. It was extremely popular, and so established a fashion.

ACROSS THE SEAS.

THE manuscript of Tannhauser has just been sold to a Lelpsic amateur for 10,000 marks ($2,500.).

IN the Marquesas group the recent absolute prohibition of the sale of opium has increased at once the demand for liquor.

THE forest land owned by the state is in Germany 33 per cent. of all forests; in Scandinavia, 15 to 20; in France, 10; in Switzerland, 4, and in Italy, not 2.

THE English postmaster general has just announced that private cards with a half-penny stamp affixed will be accepted as postal cards within the United Kingdom.

M. SCHNEIDER, the head of the great Creusot foundries, was married the other day in Paris. Creusot has grown in sixty years from a village of 500 inhabitants to a town of 30,000 people—larger than Krupp's town of Essen.

RUSSIA proposes to connect the Baltic with the Black sea, according to recent report. The rivers Dnieper and Dwina are to be joined by a canal; surveying has begun at both ends of the route, and Cherson is spoken of as the harbor for the canal on the Black sea.

NEWSPAPERS in Russia were forbidden some time ago to make any reference to the dresses worn by the empress on state occasions. This was done because one paper by mistake reported her as wearing a dress which at that time was completely out of fashion.

NICKNAMES OFTEN HEARD.

HENRY VIII. was called Bluff old Hal, from his rudeness and coarseness of speech.

JAMES BOSWELL was nicknamed the Bear-leader, from his association with Johnson.

CORDEN is called the Apostle of Free Trade on account of his labors in that direction.

JOHN CALVIN was the Pope of the Reformation, from his influence among the reformers.

LOUIS BOURDALOUE was called the Desmosthenes of Divinity, from his rare eloquence.

ARISTOPHANES was the Father of Comedy, because he was the first Greek satirical writer.

ARIOSTO was the Walter Scott of Italy, because of his skill in the line of historical romance.

JOHN SELDEN was the Walking Library, because of the amount and diversity of his knowledge.

WILLIAM HOGARTH was dubbed the Juvenal of Painters, from the satirical character of his works.

FREE ADVERTISEMENTS

Advertisements under the head of "Wanted," "For Sale," "For Rent," etc., not to exceed three lines, will be published three times free.

LOST—A pair of gold-rimmed eye glasses, Thursday, September 13th, between Spencer church, Ironton, and Gay street, Portsmouth, via N. & W., afternoon train. Finder will leave at 934 Gay street, Portsmouth, or notify me where to call. Will reward. T. J. PURSELL.

FOR RENT—Eight-room residence on E. Sixth street, recently occupied by J. I. Marsh. Inquire of J. W. Newman, Central Savings Bank. 17-21.

WANTED—Bright, well educated young lady to fill responsible position. Apply to Arthur Williams, Whittaker's drug store. 17-21.

WANTED—A young man wishes a job as janitor, experienced with hot air and steam heating apparatuses. 189 East Front street. 17-21.

FOR RENT—House and office, corner Eighth and Gay, now occupied by Dr. Salfonds. Apply to E. J. Kline. 17-21.

LOST—Gold watch fob, with charm attached, set in rubies; lost between Washington and Market on Second street. Finder leave at TIMES office. 17-21.

Grand Opening

OF NEW GOODS.

SEE our new stock of Tapestry Brussels, Body Brussels and Moquet Velvet Carpet, and get our new prices.

See our new stock of Cotton, Ingrain, Extra Super, All Wool and Three Ply Carpets, and get our new prices.

See our Window Shades, on Spring Rollers, at 12½c apiece and upward.

See our big bargains in Black and Colored Dress Goods.

Get our prices on Bleached and Brown S-4, 9-4 and 10-4 Sheeting.

See our Gray Blankets at 60c and $1.00 a pair, and All Wool Scarlet at $2.50 a pair.

See our Art Square Carpet, size 2¼ x 3 yards, representing the Landing of Columbus.

A. BRUNNER,

N. E. Cor. Market & Second.

NOW

Is the Time to Buy, While You Have a Complete Line to Select From.

SEE OUR LEADERS:

$1.48 Stiff Hats, worth $2.00.
1.19 Alpines, worth $1.75.

JONES, The Hatter.

ESTABLISHED 1872.

WM. H. WILLIAMS,

Painter and Grainer.

Office: 90 West Second St. Shop: 31 West Front St.

The Stanton & Balmert Company

Distillers and Wholesale Dealers in

BOURBON AND RYE ◊ WHISKIES ◊ IMPORTED WINES

161 and 163 W. Front St. PORTSMOUTH, OHIO

FUN!

WE SUPPOSE YOU ALL LIKE FUN.

We Will Commence an Auction Sale on Saturday, Sept. 15th, At 2 O'clock P. M.

And continue the sale until the entire stock of Queensware, Glassware, Tinware, Cutlery, Dinner Sets, Chamber Sets, Hanging Lamps, Parlor Lamps, Student Lamps, Kitchen Lamps, Bisque Ornaments and Vases, Gents' Ladies' and Children's Underwear. Also Shelving and Counters will be sold.

We invite everybody to attend this sale, and you will have lots of fun.

Albert Frowine, Auctioneer.

M. JACOBS,

314 Chillicothe St.

INTRODUCTION

To our elegant line of Jewelry means buying, as our prices are low, and we have only the best. Give us an opportunity to show you our line of

ENGAGEMENT

Rings, the most beautiful styles ever shown, set with Rubies, Emeralds, Sapphire, Torquoise, Cameos, Diamonds, etc., from $1.00 and up. See also our line of

WEDDING

Rings, 18 and 14 karat, solid gold only, extra wide, all sizes, heavy and light weight—engraving free.

BABY

Rings, plain, chased and with sets, solid gold only, all styles and sizes, extra heavy, at low prices. Large variety of

CHILDREN

Dress buttons and dress pins, in solid gold and rolled gold, at low prices. Repairing of Watches and Jewelry. All work warranted.

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